



NEVADA GOVERNOR
BRIAN SANDOVAL
DETR DIRECTOR
FRANK R. WOODBECK



Media Contact:
Mae Worthey
(702) 486.7991
(702) 249.6324

DETR's RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS BUREAU
CHIEF ECONOMIST BILL ANDERSON

PRESS RELEASE

For Immediate Release
June 21, 2013

Nevada's Unemployment Rate Falls to 9.5 percent in May

Carson City, NV — In May, Nevada's unemployment rate fell from 9.6 percent to 9.5 percent, seasonally adjusted, with 131,400 people looking for work. This marks the lowest number of unemployed the state has seen since 2008 and the 29th straight month of private-sector job creation on a year-over-year basis.

"I am pleased that May's 9.5 percent unemployment rate marks the lowest rate in Nevada since 2008," Governor Brian Sandoval said. "May's unemployment rate coupled with a decrease in initial unemployment insurance claims suggests that job losses in Nevada are easing. However, even though employment so far this year is nearly 25,000 jobs higher than a year ago, the pace of hiring activity remains cautious. While the decrease in the unemployment rate is encouraging, we must continue our work to diversify our economy and create new private sector jobs."

The Reno/Sparks unemployment rate dropped from 9.7 percent to 9.2 percent, while Las Vegas' rate fell from 9.6 percent to 9.3 percent and Carson City saw its rate of unemployed decline from 10.1 percent to 9.5 percent, not seasonally adjusted.

"Cautious optimism in Nevada's economy is attracting more people into the labor force as May marks the fourth consecutive month of expansion," said Bill Anderson, chief economist for Nevada's Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation (DETR). "The fact that our labor force is growing and the ranks of the unemployed are shrinking is a good indicator that Nevada is gaining momentum. The labor force grew by 1,100 with 2,200 people finding work and 1,100 people leaving unemployment in May."

Anderson noted that in May 2013, 113,000 more Nevadans are working full-time relative to the recessionary low. While a significant improvement, he said, this represents a gain of only half the full-time positions lost since pre-recession levels. The number of part-time jobs in Nevada is still trending near all-time highs, although they have leveled off and fallen a bit with the slow improvement in the economy and corresponding rebound in full-time positions, he added.

-##-

Visit us <http://www.nevadaworkforce.com> and Follow us on Twitter: <http://www.twitter.com/NVlabormarket>



DETR is comprised of the Employment Security Division, Equal Rights Commission, Rehabilitation Division, the Information Development and Processing Division and the Research and Analysis Bureau. DETR works in partnership with the Nevada JobConnect System to provide training and job placement services to job seekers and to assist employers in hiring practices.

NEVADA LABOR MARKET OVERVIEW May 2013

Periodically, it is interesting to take a step back from the monthly barrage of labor market statistics (job growth, unemployment, wages, etc.) and take a look at broader measures of the economic well-being of Nevadans. As we have noted in recent *Overviews*, employment has been on the rise, unemployment is trending down, and wages have been on a slight rebound. But what does all of this mean for Nevadans? Are we better off than we were as the downturn unfolded?

We have recently identified some interesting information that helps shed some light on this question, in the form of the CredAbility Consumer Distress Index. CredAbility is a non-profit credit counseling agency. Utilizing a variety of consumer indicators, they attempt to measure the overall financial condition of the "average" individual in Nevada and all other states.

Nevada scored well prior to the recession. During the downturn, this measure of consumer distress plunged, and bottomed out in the 2009-2010 period.¹ Since then,

¹ Consumer distress is measured on a 100-point scale. A score lower than 70 is deemed to be distressed/unstable. Nevada's CredAbility score approached 80 prior to the recession, but fell all the way to 58 at the height of the downturn. It

however, this barometer has been on the rise, though it still shows that Nevada consumers face some hurdles. This suggests that, although the impacts of the recession linger for many in our State, the overall situation has improved. These findings are very consistent with available information as it pertains to the performance of the State's labor market. Steady progress is evident, but much room for improvement remains.

Gross domestic product at the state-level is another broad economic barometer that allows us to take a look at the "big picture." In 2012, Nevada GDP grew at a 1.5 percent clip. Looking at economic growth over time highlights a familiar pattern for the Silver State. Prior to the recession, GDP gains in Nevada were more pronounced than in nearly every other state. The reverse was true during the downturn. Nearly every other state grew faster (or declined less) than Nevada. However, beginning in 2011, Nevada began to make up lost ground when growth surpassed that for 26 other states. In 2012, Nevada's gain exceeded that for 19 other states. Again, the theme is

has since risen into the mid-60s as the recovery has unfolded.

Nevada and Sub-State Nonfarm Jobs: Apr. - May Change			
	Unadjusted Change	Expected Seasonal Movement	Seasonally Adjusted Change
Total Nonfarm Jobs	200	5,900	-5,700
Private Sector	100	5,700	-5,600
Public Sector	100	200	-100
Las Vegas	-2,100	5,100	-7,200
Reno	600	1,600	-1,000
Carson City	200	500	-300

consistent...noticeable signs of improvement, but some slack still remains.

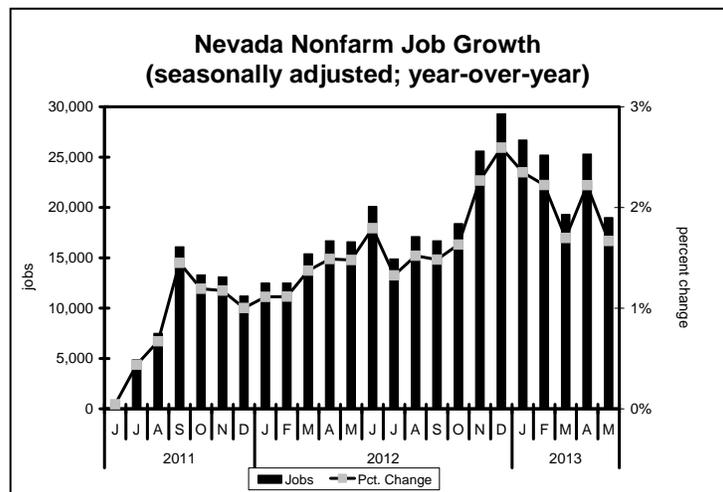
May labor market results, both in Nevada and in the nation as a whole, illustrate that it is best not to place too much weight on information from just one month, as there is considerable volatility in these monthly comparisons, and sometimes there are conflicting signals. For instance, in the U.S., employment rose in May, but so did the jobless rate. In Nevada, job readings fell slightly, but so did the unemployment rate. Instead, it is best to keep the focus on underlying trends and the "big picture." Given all available evidence, not just in May, but over the course of the past several months, our view persists that the State's labor market remains slowly on the mend.

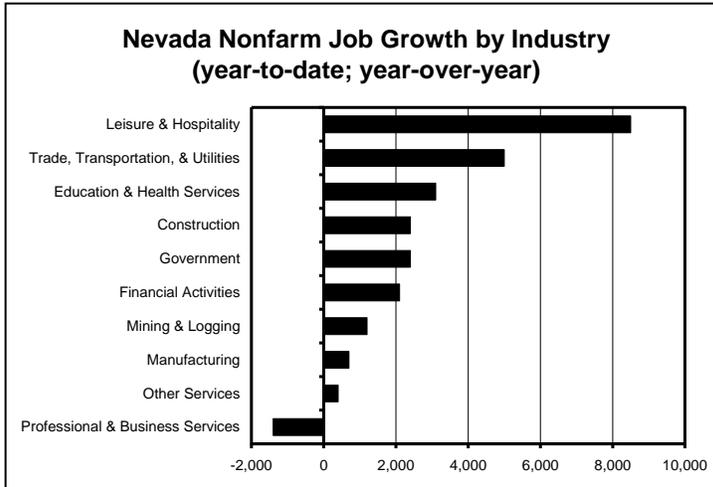
April was a relatively solid month on the jobs front in Nevada (8,200 new jobs, seasonally adjusted, relative to the prior month, slightly higher than the increase originally reported a month ago). In May, some of these gains were offset by a seasonally adjusted decline of 5,700. Typically in May,

job readings rise by about 5,900 jobs, prior to seasonal adjustment. This year, job levels improved, but only by 200, resulting in the seasonally adjusted decline noted above. Still, when all of the monthly volatility is averaged out, job readings through the first five months of the year stand nearly 2.2

percent (25,000) higher than during the same period in 2012. Nationwide, job growth came in at 1.6 percent over the same period.

Despite May's sluggish month-over-month comparisons, this marks the 29th straight month of private-sector job creation on a year-over-year basis, with payrolls growing by 43,800 jobs, or 1,500 a month on average, since 2010 when the recession began to loosen its grip on the State. Total nonfarm employment (including government workers) has grown by 41,200 jobs over the same period, at a pace of 1,400 jobs per month. During this time, government jobs fell by 2,600, dominated by a loss of 3,000 in local government. Despite these recent



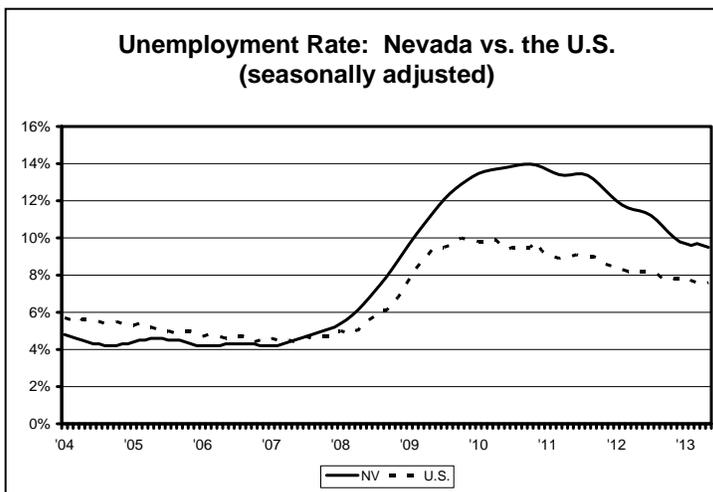


gains, there are still 133,700 fewer jobs on nonfarm payrolls and 129,100 fewer jobs on private payrolls in May relative to the annual peak in 2007.

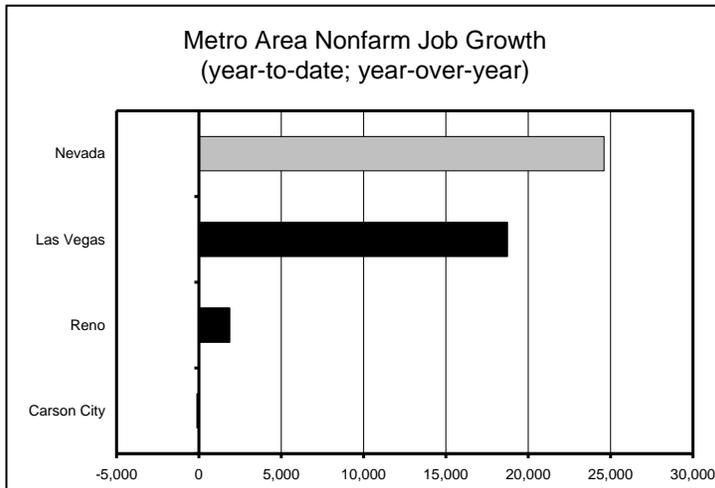
The May unemployment rate is 9.5 percent, and 131,400 people are unemployed. For the 12 months ending in May, the unemployment rate was 10.2 percent for whites (down by 1.7 percentage points from a year ago), 17.6 percent for African Americans (down by 2.6 points), and 13.3 percent (down 0.9 points) for Hispanics.

Of notable interest in May, the transportation, warehousing and utilities sub-sector is close to its former annual peak set in 2008 of 54,300 jobs. Currently the industry, sitting at 54,200, is just 100 jobs shy of the “recovered” mark. Year-to-date the industry is growing at a 1.4 percent clip, adding 150 jobs per month on average. At the other end of the spectrum,

the professional, scientific and technical services industry is down by over 1,000 jobs through the first five months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. If this industry holds these employment levels through the rest of the year, it will record a new cyclical low. The professional, scientific, and technical services industry is comprised of firms such as law offices, accounting services, and architectural and engineering services, scientific research and development and advertising services.



The Las Vegas metropolitan statistical area (MSA) experienced a 0.9 percent contraction in jobs from April to May, losing 7,200 jobs. Payrolls in the Reno-Sparks MSA fell by 1,000 (-0.5 percent) and were down in Carson City by 300 (-1.1 percent). The balance of state posted a gain of 2,800 jobs compared with April 2013. On a year-over-year basis, Las Vegas added 15,800 jobs (+1.9 percent),



Reno-Sparks added a slight 300 (+0.2 percent), and Carson City declined by 400 (-1.4 percent).

May's unemployment rates for Nevada's three metro areas, discussed on a non-seasonally adjusted basis², are 9.2 percent for the Reno/Sparks area, 9.3 percent for Las Vegas, and 9.5 percent for Carson City. Each experienced a decline of at least 1.8 percentage points over-the-year. The micro area of Elko had a 5.2 rate, compared to 5.9 percent last year. Lyon County had the highest unemployment rate at 12.5 percent, while Nevada's mining counties continued to outperform the rest of the State with rates ranging from 6.9 percent in White Pine to 3.8 percent in Esmeralda.

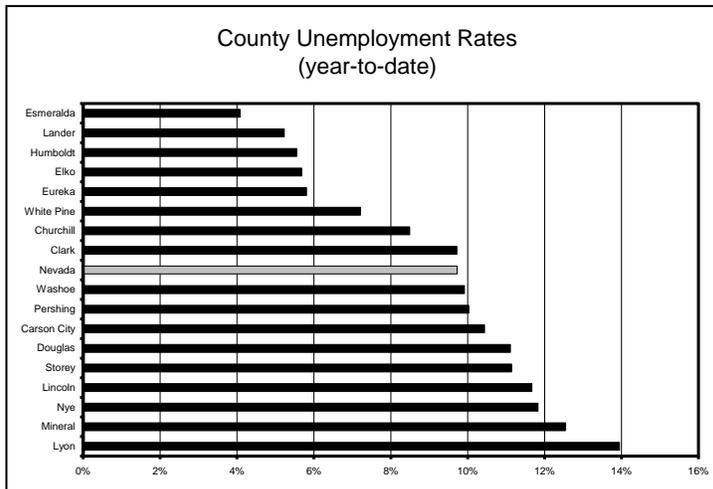
Cautious optimism in Nevada's economy is attracting more people into the labor force as May marks the

² Unemployment rates for the State's metropolitan areas and counties reported here are not adjusted for seasonality. Hence, comparisons to the State's seasonally adjusted rate should be avoided. Legitimate comparisons, however, can be made to the State's unadjusted rate – 9.2 percent in May, down from 9.5% in April and down from 11.2 percent in May 2012.

fourth consecutive month of expansion. The fact that our labor force is growing and the ranks of the unemployed are shrinking is a good indicator that Nevada is gaining momentum. The labor force grew by 1,100 with 2,200 people finding work and 1,100 people leaving unemployment in May.

With the pick-up in the labor market, some teenagers out of school for the summer are seeking employment. Since 2009, job opportunities for the 14-18 year old cohort have more than doubled after plunging during the recession, another sign of a slowly healing job market. Teens, many without job experience, have had to compete against underemployed adults settling for part-time summer employment. On average, over one in four job hunting teens (16-19 years old) remained on the sidelines in the 12 months ending in May. Yet, the rate may drop slightly because retail employment, a traditional stronghold of teen employment, is up by 2,800 (2.2 percent) jobs year-to-date.

One of the major focuses of Nevada's economic revitalization efforts is improving the State's educational system. Nevada consistently ranks low in many educational outcome measures. Labor market statistics, both in Nevada and nationwide, illustrate how beneficial higher education can be to individuals. In Nevada, labor force members with a bachelor's



degree or higher had an unemployment rate of just 5.3 percent on average for the 12 months ending in May, while members without a high school diploma had a 16 percent jobless rate. These trends are not unique to Nevada. The same results are evident nationwide, where four-year college graduates had a 3.8 percent rate, and those without a high school diploma had an 11.1 unemployment rate according to May's Current Population Survey results, seasonally adjusted.

One benefit of higher education to individuals is a lower unemployment rate, yet jobs requiring no more than a high school diploma dominate Nevada's occupational makeup, given the structure of our economy. Even so, there are many "in demand" occupations requiring at least a four-year college degree. Over the next decade, jobs requiring a bachelor's degree are expected to grow by over ten percent. One of the fastest growing occupations will be elementary and middle school teachers, who earn an average of \$52,650 a year, with approximately 450 job openings per year, on average, over the 2010-2020

timeframe. Another "in demand" occupation requiring a bachelor's degree is accountants and auditors, earning an average of \$64,260 a year and 250 expected annual job openings through 2020. With the expanding healthcare sector, nearly 100 pharmacist positions will open on average through 2020. The demand

for this high paying occupation, \$110,130 a year, will grow stronger as baby boomers balloon into the elderly population cohort. As an aside, health care has grown by 3.9 percent (+3,700 jobs) year-to-date when compared to the same period in 2012.

Like most of the country during the recent recession, Nevada saw a large decrease in full-time employment running concurrent with an increase in part-time employment. Then in early 2011, the downtrend in full-time employment reversed. As of May 2013, 113,000 more Nevadans are working full-time relative to the recessionary low. While a significant improvement, this represents a gain of only half the full-time positions lost since pre-recession levels. The number of part-time jobs in Nevada is still trending near all-time highs, although they have leveled off and fallen a bit with the slow improvement in the economy and corresponding rebound in full-time positions. These trends will be monitored closely going forward in an effort to gauge the possible impacts of the Affordable Care Act. Some have

argued that the Act may prompt employers to cut back the hours of their workforce as a cost-saving measure in response to the new healthcare law.

One thing that Nevada (and other states) came to realize in the most recent downturn is that we are not immune to economic forces beyond our borders. We are very much impacted by developments in the national and world economies. For instance, there has been much talk of late concerning the impacts that fiscal restraint at the national level (and, for that matter, a tight fiscal situation throughout the U.S. at the

state/local level), could have on overall economic growth. Recent GDP trends highlight the extent to which restraint in the public sector is impacting overall economic growth. The U.S. economy has been growing since mid-2009. However, the government spending component of GDP has declined in 11 of the past 13 quarters, suggesting that public sector difficulties have offset some (but far from all) of the economy's underlying strength. That is just one of many factors that will impact the future course of the economy in the U.S. as a whole, as well as in Nevada.



Nevada

Employment & Unemployment

Estimates for May 2013

Unemployment Rates:

Nevada Statewide (Seasonally Adjusted)	9.5%
Las Vegas-Paradise MSA	9.3%
Reno-Sparks MSA	9.2%
Carson City MSA	9.5%
Elko Micropolitan Area	5.2%
United States (Seasonally Adjusted)	7.6%
California (Apr) (Seasonally Adjusted)	9.0%

Employment estimates are produced by the Current Employment Statistics program.

Labor Force estimates are produced by the Local Area Unemployment Statistics program.

Research and Analysis Bureau, Nevada Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation operates these programs in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Telephone (775) 684-0450

Nevada Labor Force and Unemployment

(Estimates In Thousands)

LABOR FORCE SUMMARY		MAY 2013	MAY 2012	CHANGE	% CHANGE	APR 2013
NEVADA STATEWIDE Seasonally Adjusted						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		1377.5	1382.3	-4.8	-0.3%	1376.4
UNEMPLOYMENT		131.4	158.4	-27.0	-17.1%	132.4
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		9.5%	11.5%	-----	-----	9.6%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		1246.1	1223.9	22.2	1.8%	1243.9
NEVADA STATEWIDE						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		1374.4	1384.9	-10.5	-0.8%	1373.6
UNEMPLOYMENT		126.6	155.4	-28.8	-18.5%	131.0
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		9.2%	11.2%	-----	-----	9.5%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		1247.8	1229.5	18.3	1.5%	1242.6
Las Vegas-Paradise MSA Includes Clark County						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		993.0	995.7	-2.7	-0.3%	993.6
UNEMPLOYMENT		92.4	113.4	-21.0	-18.5%	94.9
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		9.3%	11.4%	-----	-----	9.6%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		900.6	882.3	18.3	2.1%	898.7
Reno-Sparks MSA Includes Washoe and Storey Counties						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		220.4	225.3	-4.9	-2.2%	220.1
UNEMPLOYMENT		20.3	25.2	-4.9	-19.4%	21.3
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		9.2%	11.2%	-----	-----	9.7%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		200.1	200.1	0.0	0.0%	198.8
Carson City MSA						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		27.2	28.1	-0.9	-3.2%	27.2
UNEMPLOYMENT		2.6	3.2	-0.6	-18.8%	2.8
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		9.5%	11.3%	-----	-----	10.1%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		24.6	24.9	-0.3	-1.2%	24.4
Elko Micropolitan Area Includes Elko and Eureka Counties						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		32.4	32.3	0.1	0.3%	32.0
UNEMPLOYMENT		1.7	1.9	-0.2	-10.5%	1.8
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		5.2%	5.9%	-----	-----	5.6%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		30.7	30.4	0.3	1.0%	30.2

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BASED ON UNROUNDED DATA

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

Information compiled by DETR's Research & Analysis Bureau

Seasonally Adjusted Establishment Based Industrial Employment Nevada Statewide

(Estimates In Thousands)

	MAY 2013	MAY 2012	CHANGE	% CHANGE	APR 2013
Total All Industries	1158.8	1139.8	19.0	1.7%	1164.5
<i>Natural Resources & Mining</i>	<i>16.3</i>	<i>15.5</i>	<i>0.8</i>	<i>5.2%</i>	<i>16.3</i>
<i>Construction</i>	<i>49.9</i>	<i>50.9</i>	<i>-1.0</i>	<i>-2.0%</i>	<i>52.1</i>
<i>Manufacturing</i>	<i>39.6</i>	<i>39.2</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>1.0%</i>	<i>39.6</i>
Durable Goods	25.0	25.1	-0.1	-0.4%	25.1
Non-durable Goods	14.6	14.1	0.5	3.5%	14.5
<i>Trade, Transportation & Utilities</i>	<i>222.2</i>	<i>217.8</i>	<i>4.4</i>	<i>2.0%</i>	<i>220.3</i>
Wholesale	34.2	32.7	1.5	4.6%	34.0
Retail	133.8	131.9	1.9	1.4%	133.9
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	54.2	53.2	1.0	1.9%	52.4
<i>Financial Activities</i>	<i>55.9</i>	<i>54.1</i>	<i>1.8</i>	<i>3.3%</i>	<i>56.6</i>
Finance and Insurance	31.7	31.0	0.7	2.3%	31.7
Real Estate & Rental Leasing	24.2	23.1	1.1	4.8%	24.9
<i>Professional & Business Services</i>	<i>144.2</i>	<i>144.1</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.1%</i>	<i>144.4</i>
Professional, Scientific and Technical	46.4	47.6	-1.2	-2.5%	47.0
Management of Companies	19.7	19.5	0.2	1.0%	19.4
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	78.1	77.0	1.1	1.4%	78.0
<i>Education and Health Services</i>	<i>109.7</i>	<i>106.5</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.0%</i>	<i>110.6</i>
Educational Services	9.4	9.8	-0.4	-4.1%	9.4
Health Care and Social Assistance	100.3	96.7	3.6	3.7%	101.2
<i>Leisure and Hospitality</i>	<i>323.6</i>	<i>317.1</i>	<i>6.5</i>	<i>2.0%</i>	<i>327.3</i>
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	26.9	26.6	0.3	1.1%	27.0
Accommodation and Food Service	296.7	290.5	6.2	2.1%	300.3
<i>Other Services</i>	<i>33.6</i>	<i>33.2</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>1.2%</i>	<i>33.5</i>
<i>Government</i>	<i>151.2</i>	<i>148.9</i>	<i>2.3</i>	<i>1.5%</i>	<i>151.3</i>
Federal	18.2	18.0	0.2	1.1%	18.2
State	37.8	35.8	2.0	5.6%	37.5
Local	95.2	95.1	0.1	0.1%	95.6

Las Vegas-Paradise MSA

	MAY 2013	MAY 2012	CHANGE	% CHANGE	APR 2013
Total All Industries	837.1	821.3	15.8	1.9%	844.3

Reno/Sparks MSA

	MAY 2013	MAY 2012	CHANGE	% CHANGE	APR 2013
Total All Industries	190.2	189.9	0.3	0.2%	190.8

Carson City MSA

	MAY 2013	MAY 2012	CHANGE	% CHANGE	APR 2013
Total All Industries	27.3	27.7	-0.4	-1.4%	27.6

Nevada Statewide

(Estimates In Thousands)

ESTABLISHMENT BASED INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT	MAY 2013	MAY 2012	CHANGE	% CHANGE	APR 2013
Total All Industries	1165.1	1146.1	19.0	1.7%	1164.9
Goods Producing	106.9	105.4	1.5	1.4%	106.9
Natural Resources & Mining	16.4	15.4	1.0	6.5%	16.2
Metal Ore Mining	12.3	11.4	0.9	7.9%	12.1
Construction	50.8	50.9	-0.1	-0.2%	51.2
Construction of Buildings	9.2	9.4	-0.2	-2.1%	9.3
Specialty Trade Contractors	34.4	34.7	-0.3	-0.9%	34.5
Manufacturing	39.7	39.1	0.6	1.5%	39.5
Durable Goods	25.1	25.0	0.1	0.4%	25.0
Computer & Electronic Products	10.8	10.9	-0.1	-0.9%	10.7
Other Miscellaneous (Includes Slot Mfg.)	7.1	7.2	-0.1	-1.4%	7.1
Non-durable Goods	14.6	14.1	0.5	3.5%	14.5
Services Producing	1058.2	1040.7	17.5	1.7%	1058.0
Private Service Providing	903.5	888.4	15.1	1.7%	903.4
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	220.4	216.2	4.2	1.9%	218.5
Wholesale	34.4	32.7	1.7	5.2%	34.1
Retail	132.5	130.5	2.0	1.5%	132.0
General Merchandise & Clothing	47.1	46.4	0.7	1.5%	46.8
Food & Beverage Stores	20.2	20.5	-0.3	-1.5%	20.1
Health and Personal Care Stores	7.8	7.3	0.5	6.8%	7.8
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	53.5	53.0	0.5	0.9%	52.4
Utilities	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0%	4.0
Transportation & Warehousing	49.5	49.0	0.5	1.0%	48.4
Trucking, Couriers/Messengers, and Air	21.8	21.0	0.8	3.8%	21.8
Transit and Ground Passenger	6.2	6.0	0.2	3.3%	6.2
Taxi and Limousine Service	14.6	14.3	0.3	2.1%	13.8
Information	10.8	10.8	0.0	0.0%	10.0
Telecommunications	4.2	4.2	0.0	0.0%	4.1
Financial Activities	55.4	54.2	1.2	2.2%	56.2
Finance and Insurance	31.4	30.9	0.5	1.6%	31.6
Credit Intermediation & Related	17.9	17.4	0.5	2.9%	18.1
Real Estate & Rental Leasing	24.0	23.3	0.7	3.0%	24.6
Professional & Business Services	144.8	144.0	0.8	0.6%	143.5
Professional, Scientific and Technical	46.0	47.1	-1.1	-2.3%	46.9
Management of Companies	19.7	19.5	0.2	1.0%	19.5
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	79.1	77.4	1.7	2.2%	77.1
Administrative & Support Services	75.5	74.2	1.3	1.8%	73.5
Employment Services	17.9	19.5	-1.6	-8.2%	17.2
Education and Health Services	110.8	107.1	3.7	3.5%	111.2
Educational Services	9.6	10.2	-0.6	-5.9%	9.6
Health Care and Social Assistance	101.2	96.9	4.3	4.4%	101.6
Ambulatory Health Care Services	44.7	43.6	1.1	2.5%	44.7
Hospitals	24.6	24.6	0.0	0.0%	24.6
Leisure and Hospitality	325.9	320.9	5.0	1.6%	328.3
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	27.2	27.1	0.1	0.4%	27.3
Accommodation and Food Service	298.7	293.8	4.9	1.7%	301.0
Accommodation	191.7	192.6	-0.9	-0.5%	192.4
Casino Hotels and Gaming	186.9	188.0	-1.1	-0.6%	187.2
Casino Hotels	176.8	177.6	-0.8	-0.5%	177.1
Gaming Industries	10.1	10.4	-0.3	-2.9%	10.1
Food Services and Drinking Places	107.0	101.2	5.8	5.7%	108.6
Full-Service Restaurants	51.6	50.1	1.5	3.0%	51.6
Limited-Service Restaurants	39.1	37.8	1.3	3.4%	38.9
Other Services	33.6	33.5	0.1	0.3%	33.2
Government	154.7	152.3	2.4	1.6%	154.6
Federal	18.4	18.0	0.4	2.2%	18.2
State	38.9	37.2	1.7	4.6%	39.0
Local	97.4	97.1	0.3	0.3%	97.4

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BASED ON UNROUNDED DATA

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

Las Vegas-Paradise MSA

Includes Clark County
(Estimates In Thousands)

ESTABLISHMENT BASED INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT	MAY 2013	MAY 2012	CHANGE	% CHANGE	APR 2013
Total All Industries	843.9	826.7	17.2	2.1%	846.0
Goods Producing	57.3	56.5	0.8	1.4%	57.5
Natural Resources & Mining	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0%	0.3
Construction	36.8	36.1	0.7	1.9%	37.0
Construction of Buildings	6.4	6.0	0.4	6.7%	6.4
Specialty Trade Contractors	26.3	25.7	0.6	2.3%	26.5
Building Foundation & Exterior Contractors	6.2	5.7	0.5	8.8%	6.2
Building Finishing Contractors	6.5	5.9	0.6	10.2%	6.5
Manufacturing	20.2	20.1	0.1	0.5%	20.2
Durable Goods	11.8	11.7	0.1	0.9%	11.8
Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing	4.6	4.5	0.1	2.2%	4.6
Non-durable Goods	8.4	8.4	0.0	0.0%	8.4
Services Producing	786.6	770.2	16.4	2.1%	788.5
Private Service Providing	688.2	674.4	13.8	2.0%	689.7
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	156.5	152.8	3.7	2.4%	154.9
Wholesale	20.5	20.1	0.4	2.0%	20.4
Retail	99.4	96.4	3.0	3.1%	99.0
General Merchandise & Clothing	37.3	36.2	1.1	3.0%	37.1
Food & Beverage Stores	14.6	14.9	-0.3	-2.0%	14.6
Health and Personal Care Stores	6.4	6.1	0.3	4.9%	6.4
Trans, Warehousing & Utilities	36.6	36.3	0.3	0.8%	35.5
Utilities	2.6	2.7	-0.1	-3.7%	2.6
Transportation & Warehousing	34.0	33.6	0.4	1.2%	32.9
Air	5.7	5.5	0.2	3.6%	5.7
Transit and Ground Passenger	13.8	13.5	0.3	2.2%	12.8
Taxi and Limousine Service	10.7	10.6	0.1	0.9%	9.7
Information	9.1	9.4	-0.3	-3.2%	9.4
Telecommunications	3.0	3.2	-0.2	-6.3%	3.1
Financial Activities	41.9	41.6	0.3	0.7%	43.2
Finance and Insurance	23.4	23.1	0.3	1.3%	24.0
Credit Intermediation & Related	13.6	13.4	0.2	1.5%	13.9
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	18.5	18.5	0.0	0.0%	19.2
Professional & Business Services	110.8	106.1	4.7	4.4%	110.9
Professional, Scientific and Technical	32.1	32.9	-0.8	-2.4%	33.1
Management of Companies	15.5	15.4	0.1	0.6%	15.4
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	63.2	57.8	5.4	9.3%	62.4
Administrative and Support Services	59.4	55.6	3.8	6.8%	58.6
Employment Services	12.2	12.7	-0.5	-3.9%	11.8
Other Support Services	7.8	7.8	0.0	0.0%	7.7
Education and Health Services	77.4	75.3	2.1	2.8%	77.1
Health Care and Social Assistance	69.2	67.7	1.5	2.2%	69.2
Ambulatory Health Care Services	32.6	31.8	0.8	2.5%	32.5
Hospitals	16.9	16.3	0.6	3.7%	16.8
Leisure and Hospitality	268.1	265.1	3.0	1.1%	270.1
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	17.9	17.6	0.3	1.7%	18.0
Accommodation and Food Service	250.2	247.5	2.7	1.1%	252.1
Accommodation	165.3	166.4	-1.1	-0.7%	165.7
Casino Hotels and Gaming	158.8	159.2	-0.4	-0.3%	158.9
Casino Hotels	153.6	154.1	-0.5	-0.3%	153.8
Gaming Industries	5.2	5.1	0.1	2.0%	5.1
Food Services and Drinking Places	84.9	81.1	3.8	4.7%	86.4
Full-Service Restaurants	42.2	41.1	1.1	2.7%	42.2
Limited-Service Restaurants	29.3	28.4	0.9	3.2%	29.1
Other Services	24.4	24.1	0.3	1.2%	24.1
Government	98.4	95.8	2.6	2.7%	98.8
Federal	12.6	12.2	0.4	3.3%	12.6
State	20.3	17.6	2.7	15.3%	20.5
Local	65.5	66.0	-0.5	-0.8%	65.7

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BASED ON UNROUNDED DATA

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

2/ Data may not add due to rounding. Employment by place of work. Does not coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple job holders.

Reno-Sparks MSA

Includes Washoe and Storey Counties

(Estimates In Thousands)

ESTABLISHMENT BASED INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT	MAY 2013	MAY 2012	CHANGE	% CHANGE	APR 2013
Total All Industries	190.9	190.8	0.1	0.1%	190.3
<i>Goods Producing</i>	19.8	20.7	-0.9	-4.3%	20.3
Natural Resources & Mining	0.2	0.3	-0.1	-33.3%	0.2
Construction	8.2	9.0	-0.8	-8.9%	8.7
Manufacturing	11.4	11.4	0.0	0.0%	11.4
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0%	2.5
<i>Services Producing</i>	171.1	170.1	1.0	0.6%	170.0
<i>Private Service Producing</i>	140.9	141.0	-0.1	-0.1%	140.1
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	41.4	42.2	-0.8	-1.9%	41.5
Wholesale	8.4	8.7	-0.3	-3.4%	8.5
Retail	20.3	20.7	-0.4	-1.9%	20.3
General Merchandise & Clothing	6.6	6.7	-0.1	-1.5%	6.6
Food & Beverage Stores	3.1	3.2	-0.1	-3.1%	3.1
Trans, Warehousing & Utilities	12.7	12.8	-0.1	-0.8%	12.7
Information	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0%	2.0
Financial Activities	9.0	8.9	0.1	1.1%	9.0
Finance and Insurance	5.5	5.5	0.0	0.0%	5.5
Professional & Business Services	24.8	25.4	-0.6	-2.4%	23.9
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	12.7	13.0	-0.3	-2.3%	12.1
Education and Health Services	22.0	22.0	0.0	0.0%	22.1
Leisure and Hospitality	35.6	34.3	1.3	3.8%	35.5
Accommodation and Food Service	29.1	28.8	0.3	1.0%	28.9
Accommodation	15.5	15.8	-0.3	-1.9%	15.5
Casino Hotels	14.4	14.7	-0.3	-2.0%	14.4
Food Services and Drinking Places	13.6	13.0	0.6	4.6%	13.4
Other Services	6.1	6.2	-0.1	-1.6%	6.1
Government	30.2	29.1	1.1	3.8%	29.9
Federal	3.5	3.5	0.0	0.0%	3.6
State	9.7	10.2	-0.5	-4.9%	9.8
Local	17.0	15.4	1.6	10.4%	16.5

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BASED ON UNROUNDED DATA

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

2/ Data may not add due to rounding. Employment by place of work. Does not coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple job holders.

Information compiled by DETR's Research & Analysis Bureau

Carson City MSA

Includes Carson City
(Estimates In Thousands)

ESTABLISHMENT BASED INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT	MAY 2013	MAY 2012	CHANGE	% CHANGE	APR 2013
Total All Industries	27.7	27.9	-0.2	-0.7%	27.5
<i>Goods Producing</i>	3.4	3.4	0.0	0.0%	3.4
Manufacturing	2.6	2.7	-0.1	-3.7%	2.6
<i>Services Producing</i>	24.3	24.5	-0.2	-0.8%	24.1
<i>Private Service Producing</i>	14.6	15.0	-0.4	-2.7%	14.6
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	3.8	3.7	0.1	2.7%	3.7
Retail	2.9	2.9	0.0	0.0%	2.9
Professional & Business Services	2.1	2.2	-0.1	-4.5%	2.1
Leisure and Hospitality	3.5	3.3	0.2	6.1%	3.5
Government	9.7	9.5	0.2	2.1%	9.5
Federal	0.6	0.5	0.1	20.0%	0.5
State	7.1	7.0	0.1	1.4%	7.1
Local	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0%	1.9

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BASED ON UNROUNDED DATA

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

2/ Data may not add due to rounding. Employment by place of work. Does not coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple job holders.

Information compiled by DETR's Research & Analysis Bureau



2013 Seasonally Adjusted Industrial Employment (Estimates In Thousands)

Nevada Statewide

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	1163.2	1159.1	1156.3	1164.5	1158.8								1160.4
Natural Resources & Mining	16.1	16.4	16.4	16.3	16.3								16.3
Construction	54.0	53.9	53.1	52.1	49.9								52.6
Manufacturing	39.6	39.6	39.7	39.6	39.6								39.6
Durable Goods	25.2	25.1	25.1	25.1	25.0								25.1
Non-durable Goods	14.4	14.5	14.6	14.5	14.6								14.5
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	224.5	223.0	220.9	220.3	222.2								222.2
Wholesale	34.0	34.1	34.0	34.0	34.2								34.1
Retail	136.3	134.4	134.0	133.9	133.8								134.5
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	54.2	54.5	52.9	52.4	54.2								53.6
Financial Activities	55.3	54.8	56.0	56.6	55.9								55.7
Finance and Insurance	31.6	31.1	31.5	31.7	31.7								31.5
Real Estate & Rental Leasing	23.7	23.7	24.5	24.9	24.2								24.2
Professional & Business Services	142.4	142.3	140.2	144.4	144.2								142.7
Professional, Scientific and Technical	47.3	46.6	45.8	47.0	46.4								46.6
Management of Companies	19.7	19.6	19.4	19.4	19.7								19.6
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	75.4	76.1	75.0	78.0	78.1								76.5
Education and Health Services	108.1	108.7	109.3	110.6	109.7								109.3
Educational Services	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.4	9.4								9.3
Health Care and Social Assistance	98.8	99.4	100.0	101.2	100.3								99.9
Leisure and Hospitality	326.6	323.3	323.4	327.3	323.6								324.8
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	27.1	27.0	27.0	27.0	26.9								27.0
Accommodation and Food Service	299.5	296.3	296.4	300.3	296.7								297.8
Other Services	33.5	33.8	33.4	33.5	33.6								33.6
Government	150.7	150.8	151.4	151.3	151.2								151.1
Federal	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2								18.2
State	37.5	36.8	37.2	37.5	37.8								37.4
Local	95.1	95.8	96.0	95.6	95.2								95.5

Las Vegas MSA

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	835.2	833.9	834.3	844.3	837.1								837.0

Reno/Sparks MSA

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	191.8	192.0	190.8	190.8	190.2								191.1

Carson City MSA

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	27.6	27.6	27.7	27.6	27.3								27.6

Detail may not add due to rounding. This report reflects non-ag employment by place of work. It does not necessarily coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple jobholders.
 Information compiled by DETR's Research & Analysis Bureau



Nevada Statewide

2013 Industrial Employment

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	1146.1	1148.1	1152.5	1164.9	1165.1								1155.3
Goods Producing	105.4	107.0	107.0	106.9	106.9								106.6
Natural Resources & Mining	15.7	16.1	16.2	16.2	16.4								16.1
Metal Ore Mining	11.8	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.3								12.1
Construction	50.6	51.7	51.4	51.2	50.8								51.1
Construction of Buildings	9.2	9.4	9.3	9.3	9.2								9.3
Specialty Trade Contractors	33.9	34.3	34.5	34.5	34.4								34.3
Manufacturing	39.1	39.2	39.4	39.5	39.7								39.4
Durable Goods	24.9	24.8	24.9	25.0	25.1								24.9
Computer & Electronic Products	10.8	10.7	10.6	10.7	10.8								10.7
Other Miscellaneous (Includes Slot Mfg.)	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.1								7.1
Non-durable Goods	14.2	14.4	14.5	14.5	14.6								14.4
Services Producing	1040.7	1041.1	1045.5	1058.0	1058.2								1048.7
Private Service Providing	892.4	888.0	891.1	903.4	903.5								895.7
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	222.5	218.7	217.5	218.5	220.4								219.5
Wholesale	33.6	33.6	33.7	34.1	34.4								33.9
Retail	135.0	131.4	131.4	132.0	132.5								132.5
General Merchandise & Clothing	48.4	46.8	46.8	46.8	47.1								47.2
Food & Beverage Stores	20.0	20.0	20.1	20.1	20.2								20.1
Health and Personal Care Stores	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.8								7.7
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	53.9	53.7	52.4	52.4	53.5								53.2
Utilities	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0								4.0
Transportation & Warehousing	49.9	49.7	48.4	48.4	49.5								49.2
Trucking, Couriers/Messengers, and Warehousing/Storage	21.9	21.7	21.6	21.8	21.8								21.8
Air	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2								6.2
Transit and Ground Passenger	14.7	14.7	13.6	13.8	14.6								14.3
Taxi and Limousine Service	11.1	11.0	9.8	10.0	10.8								10.5
Information	12.4	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.6								12.5
Telecommunications	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2								4.1
Financial Activities	55.0	54.7	55.8	56.2	55.4								55.4
Finance and Insurance	31.5	31.2	31.6	31.6	31.4								31.5
Credit Intermediation & Related	17.9	17.9	18.1	18.1	17.9								18.0
Real Estate & Rental Leasing	23.5	23.5	24.2	24.6	24.0								24.0
Professional & Business Services	142.1	140.4	140.1	143.5	144.8								142.2
Professional, Scientific and Technical	47.2	46.3	46.4	46.9	46.0								46.6
Management of Companies	19.6	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.7								19.6
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	75.3	74.6	74.2	77.1	79.1								76.1
Administrative & Support Services	71.8	71.1	70.7	73.5	75.5								72.5
Employment Services	17.8	17.5	17.6	17.2	17.9								17.6
Education and Health Services	107.2	108.8	109.6	111.2	110.8								109.5
Educational Services	9.3	9.6	9.7	9.6	9.6								9.6
Health Care and Social Assistance	97.9	99.2	99.9	101.6	101.2								100.0
Ambulatory Health Care Services	43.9	44.2	44.3	44.7	44.7								44.4
Hospitals	24.4	24.5	24.6	24.6	24.6								24.5
Leisure and Hospitality	320.5	320.0	322.5	328.3	325.9								323.4
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	26.2	26.3	26.8	27.3	27.2								26.8
Accommodation and Food Service	294.3	293.7	295.7	301.0	298.7								296.7
Accommodation	191.2	191.0	190.9	192.4	191.7								191.4
Casino Hotels and Gaming	211.7	187.0	186.7	187.2	186.9								191.9
Casino Hotels	176.9	176.8	176.5	177.1	176.8								176.8
Gaming Industries	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.1	10.1								10.2
Food Services and Drinking Places	103.1	102.7	104.8	108.6	107.0								105.2
Full-Service Restaurants	50.3	50.5	51.0	51.6	51.6								51.0
Limited-Service Restaurants	37.4	37.6	38.2	38.9	39.1								38.2
Other Services	32.7	32.9	33.1	33.2	33.6								33.1
Government	148.3	153.1	154.4	154.6	154.7								153.0
Federal	17.8	17.9	18.0	18.2	18.4								18.1
State	34.6	37.8	38.7	39.0	38.9								37.8
Local	95.9	97.4	97.7	97.4	97.4								97.2

Detail may not add due to rounding. This report reflects non-ag employment by place of work. It does not necessarily coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple jobholders.



Las Vegas-Paradise MSA

2013 Industrial Employment

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	826.3	827.5	832.7	846.0	843.9								835.3
Goods Producing	57.1	57.5	56.9	57.5	57.3								57.3
Natural Resources & Mining	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3								0.3
Construction	36.8	37.2	36.5	37.0	36.8								36.9
Construction of Buildings	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4								6.4
Specialty Trade Contractors	25.9	25.9	25.7	26.5	26.3								26.1
Building Foundation & Exterior Contrac	5.6	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.2								6.0
Building Finishing Contractors	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.5	6.5								6.5
Manufacturing	20.0	20.0	20.1	20.2	20.2								20.1
Durable Goods	11.7	11.6	11.7	11.8	11.8								11.7
Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.6								4.5
Non-durable Goods	8.3	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4								8.4
Services Producing	769.2	770.0	775.8	788.5	786.6								778.0
Private Service Providing	675.2	673.0	677.8	689.7	688.2								680.8
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	156.8	154.4	153.8	154.9	154.9								155.5
Wholesale	20.2	20.3	20.3	20.4	20.5								20.3
Retail	100.4	98.0	98.4	99.0	99.4								99.0
General Merchandise & Clothing	38.3	37.0	37.0	37.1	37.3								37.3
Food & Beverage Stores	14.4	14.5	14.5	14.6	14.6								14.5
Health and Personal Care Stores	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.4								6.3
Trans, Warehousing & Utilities	36.2	36.1	35.1	35.5	36.6								35.9
Utilities	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6								2.6
Transportation & Warehousing	33.6	33.5	32.5	32.9	34.0								33.3
Air	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7								5.6
Transit and Ground Passenger	13.6	13.6	12.5	12.8	13.8								13.3
Taxi and Limousine Service	10.5	10.5	9.5	9.7	10.7								10.2
Information	9.4	9.6	9.4	9.4	9.1								9.4
Telecommunications	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0								3.1
Financial Activities	41.7	41.8	42.7	43.2	41.9								42.3
Finance and Insurance	23.4	23.4	23.8	24.0	23.4								23.6
Credit Intermediation & Related	13.6	13.6	13.8	13.9	13.6								13.7
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	18.3	18.4	18.9	19.2	18.5								18.7
Professional & Business Services	108.7	107.8	107.4	110.9	110.8								109.1
Professional, Scientific and Technical	33.1	32.3	32.5	33.1	32.1								32.6
Management of Companies	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.5								15.4
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	60.2	60.1	59.5	62.4	63.2								61.1
Administrative and Support Services	56.6	56.4	55.9	58.6	59.4								57.4
Employment Services	12.0	12.2	12.2	11.8	12.2								12.1
Other Support Services	9.0	8.1	7.0	7.7	7.8								7.9
Education and Health Services	74.0	73.7	75.5	77.1	77.4								75.5
Health Care and Social Assistance	67.4	66.7	67.6	69.2	69.2								68.0
Ambulatory Health Care Services	31.8	32.1	32.2	32.5	32.6								32.2
Hospitals	16.7	16.6	16.6	16.8	16.9								16.7
Leisure and Hospitality	261.0	262.0	264.9	270.1	268.1								265.2
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	17.3	17.5	17.9	18.0	17.9								17.7
Accommodation and Food Service	243.7	244.5	247.0	252.1	250.2								247.5
Accommodation	163.3	163.7	164.2	165.7	165.3								164.4
Casino Hotels and Gaming	156.8	157.3	157.6	158.9	158.8								157.9
Casino Hotels	151.7	152.1	152.4	153.8	153.6								152.7
Gaming Industries	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.2								5.2
Food Services and Drinking Places	80.4	80.8	82.8	86.4	84.9								83.1
Full-Service Restaurants	40.6	41.0	41.5	42.2	42.2								41.5
Limited-Service Restaurants	27.8	28.1	28.6	29.1	29.3								28.6
Other Services	23.6	23.7	24.1	24.1	24.4								24.0
Government	94.0	97.0	98.0	98.8	98.4								97.2
Federal	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.6	12.6								12.5
State	17.1	19.2	19.8	20.5	20.3								19.4
Local	64.5	65.4	65.7	65.7	65.5								65.4

Detail may not add due to rounding. This report reflects non-ag employment by place of work. It does not necessarily coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple jobholders.



Reno-Sparks MSA

2013 Industrial Employment

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	188.3	189.4	189.0	190.3	190.9								189.6
Goods Producing	20.0	20.2	19.9	20.3	19.8								20.0
Natural Resources & Mining	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2								0.2
Construction	8.4	8.6	8.3	8.7	8.2								8.4
Manufacturing	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4								11.4
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5								2.5
Services Producing	168.3	169.2	169.1	170.0	171.1								169.5
Private Service Producing	139.6	139.1	138.9	140.1	140.9								139.7
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	42.8	42.2	41.6	41.5	41.4								41.9
Wholesale	8.7	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.4								8.6
Retail	21.1	20.6	20.4	20.3	20.3								20.5
General Merchandise & Clothing	7.0	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.6								6.7
Food & Beverage Stores	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1								3.1
Trans, Warehousing & Utilities	13.0	12.9	12.7	12.7	12.7								12.8
Information	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0								2.0
Financial Activities	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.0								8.9
Finance and Insurance	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5								5.5
Professional & Business Services	23.9	23.8	23.8	23.9	24.8								24.0
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	12.0	11.7	11.7	12.1	12.7								12.0
Education and Health Services	21.8	22.0	22.0	22.1	22.0								22.0
Leisure and Hospitality	34.2	34.2	34.6	35.5	35.6								34.8
Accommodation and Food Service	28.1	28.3	28.5	28.9	29.1								28.6
Accommodation	15.3	15.3	15.4	15.5	15.5								15.4
Casino Hotels	14.3	14.2	14.3	14.4	14.4								14.3
Food Services and Drinking Places	12.8	13.0	13.1	13.4	13.6								13.2
Other Services	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.1								6.0
Government	28.7	30.1	30.2	29.9	30.2								29.8
Federal	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.5								3.5
State	8.7	9.7	9.9	9.8	9.7								9.6
Local	16.5	16.9	16.8	16.5	17.0								16.7

Detail may not add due to rounding. This report reflects non-ag employment by place of work. It does not necessarily coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple jobholders.

Jun-13



Carson City MSA

2013 Industrial Employment

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	27.0	27.4	27.6	27.5	27.7								27.4
<i>Goods Producing</i>	<i>3.4</i>	<i>3.4</i>	<i>3.4</i>	<i>3.4</i>	<i>3.4</i>								<i>3.4</i>
Manufacturing	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6								2.6
<i>Services Producing</i>	<i>23.6</i>	<i>24.0</i>	<i>24.2</i>	<i>24.1</i>	<i>24.3</i>								<i>24.0</i>
<i>Private Service Producing</i>	<i>14.4</i>	<i>14.4</i>	<i>14.5</i>	<i>14.6</i>	<i>14.6</i>								<i>14.5</i>
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8								3.7
Retail	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9								2.9
Professional & Business Services	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1								2.0
Leisure and Hospitality	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.5								3.4
Government	9.2	9.6	9.7	9.5	9.7								9.5
Federal	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6								0.5
State	6.8	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.1								7.1
Local	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0								2.0

Detail may not add due to rounding. This report reflects non-ag employment by place of work. It does not necessarily coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple jobholders.
 Information compiled by DETR's Research & Analysis Bureau

Jun-13



2013 NEVADA LABOR FORCE SUMMARY DATA

Estimates In Thousands Revised June 2012.

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
NEVADA													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	1366.4	1376.9	1372.9	1373.9	1374.4								1372.9
UNEMPLOYMENT	140.0	135.1	134.8	131.0	126.6								133.5
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	10.2%	9.8%	9.8%	9.5%	9.2%								9.7%
RATE-SEASONALLY ADJ.	9.7%	9.6%	9.7%	9.6%	9.5%								9.6%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	1226.4	1241.8	1238.1	1242.9	1247.8								1239.4
LAS VEGAS MSA 2/													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	986.5	994.5	992.4	994.5	993.0								992.2
UNEMPLOYMENT	100.7	97.1	97.2	94.8	92.4								96.4
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	10.2%	9.8%	9.8%	9.5%	9.3%								9.7%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	885.8	897.4	895.2	899.7	900.6								895.8
RENO MSA 3/													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	222.3	223.8	221.2	220.0	220.4								221.6
UNEMPLOYMENT	23.4	22.6	22.2	21.4	20.3								22.0
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	10.5%	10.1%	10.0%	9.7%	9.2%								9.9%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	198.9	201.2	199.0	198.6	200.1								199.6
CARSON CITY MSA 4/													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	27.1	27.6	27.4	27.0	27.2								27.2
UNEMPLOYMENT	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.6								2.8
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	11.2%	10.7%	10.6%	10.1%	9.5%								10.4%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	24.1	24.6	24.5	24.3	24.6								24.4
ELKO MICROPOLITAN AREA 5/													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	31.4	31.6	31.8	31.9	32.4								31.8
UNEMPLOYMENT	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.7								1.8
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	6.0%	5.8%	5.9%	5.6%	5.2%								5.7%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	29.5	29.8	29.9	30.1	30.7								30.0

Note: Unemployment rates are based on unrounded data.

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

2/ Clark County

3/ Washoe and Storey Counties

4/ Carson City

5/ Elko and Eureka Counties



2013 NEVADA LABOR FORCE SUMMARY DATA

Revised June 2012.

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CARSON CITY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	27,100	27,530	27,440	27,100	27,180								27,270
UNEMPLOYMENT	3,030	2,950	2,910	2,750	2,590								2,850
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	11.2%	10.7%	10.6%	10.1%	9.5%								10.4%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	24,070	24,580	24,530	24,350	24,590								24,420
CHURCHILL COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	12,670	12,630	12,720	12,730	12,830								12,710
UNEMPLOYMENT	1,160	1,100	1,100	1,050	990								1,080
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	9.1%	8.7%	8.7%	8.3%	7.7%								8.5%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	11,510	11,530	11,620	11,680	11,840								11,630
CLARK COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	986,490	994,510	992,350	994,590	992,960								992,180
UNEMPLOYMENT	100,660	97,080	97,170	94,840	92,370								96,420
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	10.2%	9.8%	9.8%	9.5%	9.3%								9.7%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	885,830	897,430	895,180	899,750	900,590								895,760
DOUGLAS COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	20,870	21,000	20,840	20,760	20,830								20,860
UNEMPLOYMENT	2,470	2,410	2,360	2,250	2,100								2,320
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	11.8%	11.5%	11.3%	10.8%	10.1%								11.1%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	18,400	18,590	18,480	18,510	18,730								18,540
ELKO COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	30,230	30,480	30,640	30,770	31,270								30,670
UNEMPLOYMENT	1,810	1,760	1,810	1,740	1,610								1,740
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	6.0%	5.8%	5.9%	5.6%	5.2%								5.7%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	28,420	28,720	28,830	29,030	29,660								28,930

Note: Unemployment rates are based on unrounded data.

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.



2013 NEVADA LABOR FORCE SUMMARY DATA

Revised June 2012.

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
ESMERALDA COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	590	600	600	590	600								590
UNEMPLOYMENT	30	30	30	20	20								20
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	4.5%	4.2%	4.3%	3.5%	3.8%								4.1%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	560	570	570	570	580								570
EUREKA COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	1,100	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,140								1,130
UNEMPLOYMENT	60	70	70	60	60								70
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	5.7%	6.3%	6.1%	5.6%	5.2%								5.8%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	1,040	1,050	1,050	1,060	1,080								1,060
HUMBOLDT COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	9,570	9,630	9,710	9,850	10,120								9,770
UNEMPLOYMENT	560	550	550	530	520								540
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	5.8%	5.7%	5.7%	5.4%	5.2%								5.6%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	9,010	9,080	9,160	9,320	9,600								9,230
LANDER COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	4,710	4,720	4,900	4,920	5,030								4,850
UNEMPLOYMENT	260	250	260	260	240								250
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	5.6%	5.4%	5.3%	5.2%	4.7%								5.2%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	4,450	4,470	4,640	4,660	4,790								4,600
LINCOLN COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	1,740	1,740	1,780	1,790	1,810								1,770
UNEMPLOYMENT	210	210	220	210	190								210
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	12.2%	11.8%	12.2%	11.6%	10.6%								11.7%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	1,530	1,530	1,560	1,580	1,620								1,560

Note: Unemployment rates are based on unrounded data.

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.



2013 NEVADA LABOR FORCE SUMMARY DATA

Revised June 2012.

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
LYON COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	21,270	21,280	21,850	21,960	22,170								21,710
UNEMPLOYMENT	3,250	3,130	3,040	2,940	2,780								3,030
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	15.3%	14.7%	13.9%	13.4%	12.5%								14.0%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	18,020	18,150	18,810	19,020	19,390								18,680
MINERAL COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	1,860	1,880	1,900	1,880	1,890								1,880
UNEMPLOYMENT	240	240	250	230	220								240
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	12.7%	12.8%	12.9%	12.4%	11.8%								12.5%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	1,620	1,640	1,650	1,650	1,670								1,640
NYE COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	17,600	17,660	17,420	17,430	17,460								17,510
UNEMPLOYMENT	2,170	2,090	2,100	2,050	1,950								2,070
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	12.3%	11.9%	12.1%	11.8%	11.1%								11.8%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	15,430	15,570	15,320	15,380	15,510								15,440
PERSHING COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	2,730	2,720	2,880	2,890	2,930								2,820
UNEMPLOYMENT	300	290	300	280	250								280
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	11.0%	10.7%	10.3%	9.6%	8.7%								10.1%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	2,430	2,430	2,580	2,610	2,680								2,540
STOREY COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	2,130	2,130	2,100	2,090	2,110								2,120
UNEMPLOYMENT	260	240	230	220	230								240
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	12.0%	11.1%	10.8%	10.7%	11.0%								11.1%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	1,870	1,890	1,870	1,870	1,880								1,880

Note: Unemployment rates are based on unrounded data.

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.



2013 NEVADA LABOR FORCE SUMMARY DATA

Revised June 2012.

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
--	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

WASHOE COUNTY

TOTAL LABOR FORCE	220,190	221,670	219,090	217,930	218,300								219,430
UNEMPLOYMENT	23,160	22,340	22,000	21,180	20,080								21,750
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	10.5%	10.1%	10.0%	9.7%	9.2%								9.9%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	197,030	199,330	197,090	196,750	198,220								197,680

WHITE PINE COUNTY

TOTAL LABOR FORCE	5,610	5,640	5,540	5,580	5,730								5,620
UNEMPLOYMENT	420	410	410	400	390								410
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.4%	7.2%	7.3%	7.2%	6.9%								7.2%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	5,190	5,230	5,130	5,180	5,340								5,210

Note: Unemployment rates are based on unrounded data.

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.