



NEVADA GOVERNOR
BRIAN SANDOVAL
DETR DIRECTOR
DON SODERBERG



Media Contact:
Mae Worthey
(702) 486.7991
(702) 249.6324

DETR's RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS BUREAU
CHIEF ECONOMIST BILL ANDERSON

PRESS RELEASE

For Immediate Release
March 27, 2015

Nevada's Unemployment Rate Remains Steady in February

Carson City, NV — Nevada's unemployment rate remained at a seasonally adjusted 7.1 percent in February, but is down 1.3 percentage points year-over-year. Las Vegas' unemployment rate (not adjusted for seasonality) dropped to 7.2 percent, down three tenths of a point from January and 1.3 points from last year. The Reno/Sparks area is also down three tenths over the month, to 7.1 percent, but is down 1.5 percentage points over the year. The Carson City MSA was home to the largest year-over-year decline of 1.9 points, for an unemployment rate of 8.1, down 0.4 percentage points relative to January.

"I'm pleased the labor market conditions in February remained stable and underlying trends demonstrate consistent, steady growth," said Governor Brian Sandoval. "Employment has increased on a year-over-year basis for the 50th month in a row. Additionally, this is the 31st month in a row that Nevada has outpaced the nation in job growth. I remain committed to ensuring that Nevada's workforce is prepared to succeed in our diversifying economy."

Bill Anderson, chief economist for Nevada's Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation (DETR), noted that job levels are up 36,900 relative to a year ago for a 3.1 percent gain. In total, February job levels were down a very slight 500, seasonally adjusted, relative to January. However, Anderson pointed out that private sector employment actually grew by 2,100 over the month, a gain which was offset by a decline in the public sector.

"The overall trend in the state's recovery is positive," Anderson said. "All three metropolitan statistical areas gained employment on a year over year basis."

The construction sector continued to lead the state in terms of percentage growth in February, up 5.3 percent relative to last year. This equates to an additional 3,200 construction jobs in the state. Leisure and hospitality employment experienced the largest nominal growth this month, adding 13,400 jobs to payrolls for a growth rate of 4.1 percent.

-##-

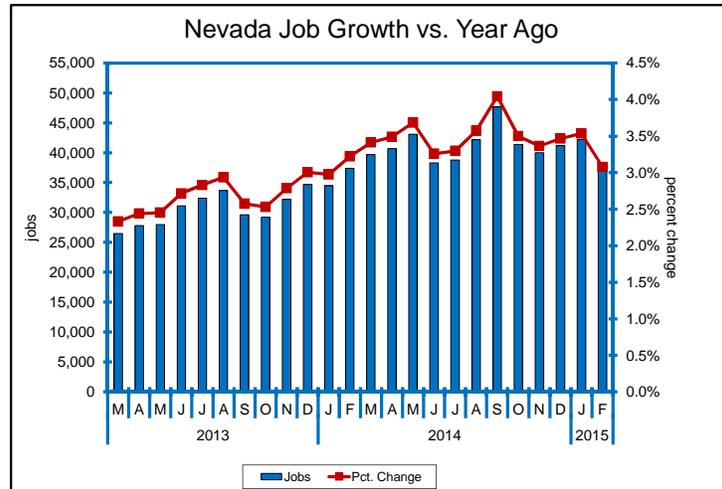
Visit us <http://www.nevadaworkforce.com> and Follow us on Twitter: <http://www.twitter.com/NVlabormarket>



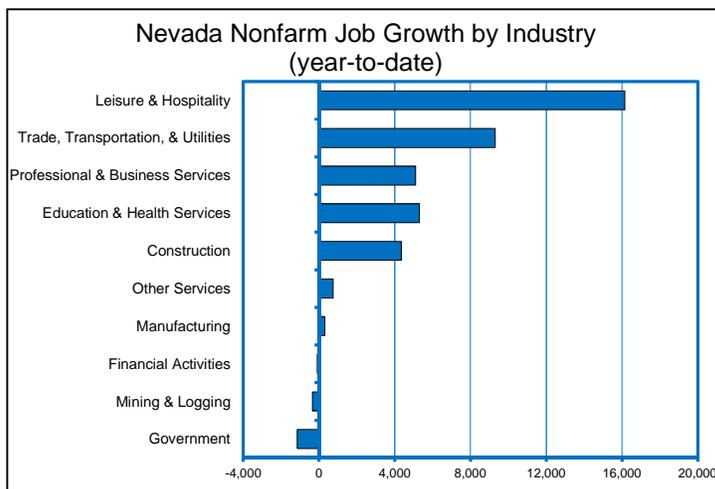
DETR is comprised of the Employment Security Division, Equal Rights Commission, Rehabilitation Division, the Information Development and Processing Division and the Research and Analysis Bureau. DETR works in partnership with the Nevada JobConnect System to provide training and job placement services to job seekers and to assist employers in hiring practices.

NEVADA LABOR MARKET OVERVIEW February 2015

For the 50th month in a row, employment in Nevada has increased on a year-over-year basis. February's reading of 1.224 million jobs, seasonally adjusted, is 36,900 higher than last February's reading, a growth rate of 3.1 percent. Further, this is the 31st month in a row that year-over-year job growth in the Silver State has outpaced the nation. However, there was a seasonally adjusted decline of 500 jobs this month, relative to last month. We expected payrolls (not adjusted for seasonality) to increase by 7,100 this month, but only 6,600 jobs were actually added, leading to the seasonally adjusted decline, but the

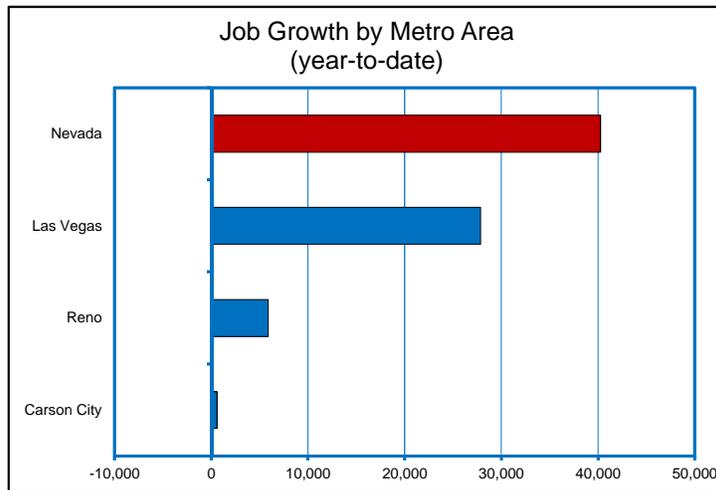


overall trend remains encouraging. For instance, the decline was concentrated in the public sector, which lost 2,600 jobs over the month, whereas the private sector grew by 2,100, seasonally adjusted.



The construction sector continued to lead the State in terms of percentage growth in February, up 5.3 percent relative to last year. This equates to an additional 3,200 construction jobs in the State. Leisure and hospitality employment experienced the largest nominal growth this month, adding 13,400 jobs to payrolls for a growth rate of 4.1 percent. Mining and

government employment continued their downward trends this month, losing 2.8 percent and 1.1 percent, respectively, relative to a year ago. Financial activities is also down over-the-year this month with a loss of 700 jobs, a 1.2 percent decline.



All three of the metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) in Nevada gained employment on a year-over-year basis in February. Las Vegas was home to both the highest nominal and percentage growth this month, up 26,800 jobs for a growth rate of 3.1 percent. Reno/Sparks added 4,600 jobs to payrolls, up 2.3 percent relative to last year. Finally, Carson City added 500 jobs, up 1.8 percent.

Information obtained through the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) Program provides a nearly complete job count based upon wage records submitted by employers whose workers are covered under the Unemployment Insurance System. Because generating this information is a time-consuming process, it is only

available with a 4-5 month lag. Examining this information over time, and for all 50 states (plus the District of Columbia), highlights Nevada's relative performance during the pre-recessionary boom, through the downturn, and into the recovery. In

the years preceding the economic downturn, Nevada led the country in private sector employment growth. Indeed, Nevada had the highest employment growth rate in the country in 2005 (6.4%). Conversely, during the recession, Nevada was the most affected state in terms of private sector employment growth. In fact, Nevada's employment growth was the lowest in the nation in 2009 (-10.1%) and 2010 (-2.8%). Nevada has

gradually regained lost ground since then. In 2011, the private sector grew at a rate of 1.2%, 37th-best in the nation; and in 2012 we grew at a rate of 1.9%, 27th-strongest. Nevada's private sector growth in 2013 continued this trend, growing at 2.7%, which placed it 13th in the nation.

When we consider the first three quarters of 2014, the latest available data, we see that Nevada is making its climb back to the top of the private sector employment growth ranking. With YTD growth of 3.8% relative to the same period in 2013, Nevada's private sector job growth ranks third in the nation. The only states with private sector job growth rates surpassing Nevada's are North Dakota (4.6%) and Colorado (3.9%).

This month, we are taking a look at the difference between small firms, those with less than 100 employees, and large firms, those with more than 100 workers, over the course of the recession. At its peak in 2007:IVQ, small business employment totaled 585,000. During the recession, nearly 75,000 jobs were lost, a decline of 12.8 percent. As of the third quarter of 2014, employment in firms with less than 100 employees totaled 573,000; 63,000 jobs above the recessionary low. That is to say, 85 percent of the jobs lost in the recession by small businesses have been recouped. Further, the third quarter data show that small businesses grew 3.6 percent relative to the third quarter of last year, or 12.3 percent above the trough.

Larger firms, those with employment in excess of 100 workers, were disproportionately impacted by the recession. They fell from a pre-recessionary peak of 571,000 in 2006:IIQ to 435,000 in 2010:IQ, a decline of 136,000 or nearly 24 percent. Large businesses have grown 13.8 percent since the recessionary low in 2010, nearly identical to the growth observed in small businesses.

We are continuing our analysis of different industry concentrations across counties this month by taking a look at professional and business services (PBS), which encompasses professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; and administrative,

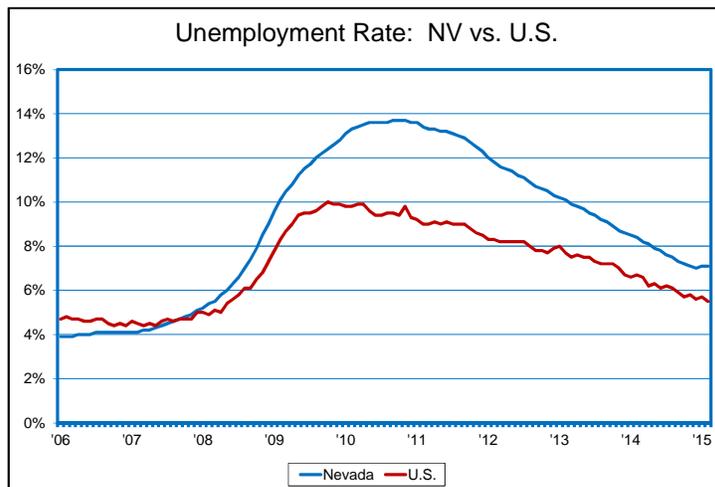
support, and waste management services. The PBS industry's presence differs for each county. Location quotients¹ (LQs) range from 0.02 in Eureka County to 1.33 in Nye County. In general, Nevada's rural counties have exceedingly low concentrations of PBS industries, whereas more populated counties have higher concentrations. Clark and Washoe Counties have LQs of 1.08 and 0.98, respectively, indicating that both counties have concentrations of PBS industries approximately equivalent to the nation.

Nevada's population increased by 42,300 people in 2014, a 1.5 percent gain. This is yet another clear sign that Nevada continues to recover from the recession. As of July 2014, the Silver State's population stood over 2.84 million. Growth is

Nevada and Sub-State Nonfarm Jobs: Jan. - Feb. Change			
	Unadjusted Change	Expected Seasonal Movement	Seasonally Adjusted Change
Total Nonfarm Jobs	6,600	7,100	-500
Private Sector	3,900	1,800	2,100
Public Sector	2,700	5,300	-2,600
Las Vegas	4,300	2,300	2,000
Reno	2,500	1,800	700
Carson City	100	500	-400

¹ A location quotient expresses how concentrated an industry/sector is in a region as compared to the nation. It is defined as the ratio of the percent of total employment in an industry in a given region versus the same measure on the national level. An LQ of 1 indicates that a region has the same concentration of jobs in a given industry as the nation. LQs of less than one indicate a less-concentrated industry, and more than one indicates a more concentrated industry, relative to the nation.

concentrated in the State's two largest population centers. The Las Vegas metro area added 37,700 more residents, pushing the population up to 2.07 million. The Reno/Sparks metro area's population stands at 436,800 following a gain of 4,500 residents in 2014. A minimal decline in the Carson City metro area during 2014 was essentially offset by small gains in the State's rural counties, as a group. According to the Nevada State Demographer's Office, the State's population will increase by 149,400 through 2019, to 2.99 million. Clark County is projected to add an additional 95,300 residents, while Washoe County's population is likely to grow by another 38,800.



The State's unemployment rate held steady in February relative to last month. However, the rate is down 1.3 percentage points on a year-over-year basis. This is the 48th consecutive month in which a year-over-year decrease in the unemployment rate has been recorded in the Silver State.

The unadjusted unemployment rate² in each of the State's MSAs decreased in February both over the month and on a year-over-year basis. The rate in Las Vegas fell to 7.2 percent, down three tenths of a point from January and 1.3 points from last year. The Reno/Sparks area is also down three tenths over the month, to 7.1 percent, but is down 1.5 percentage points over the year. The Carson City MSA was home to the largest year-over-year decline of 1.9 points, for an unemployment rate of 8.1, down 0.4 percentage points relative to January.

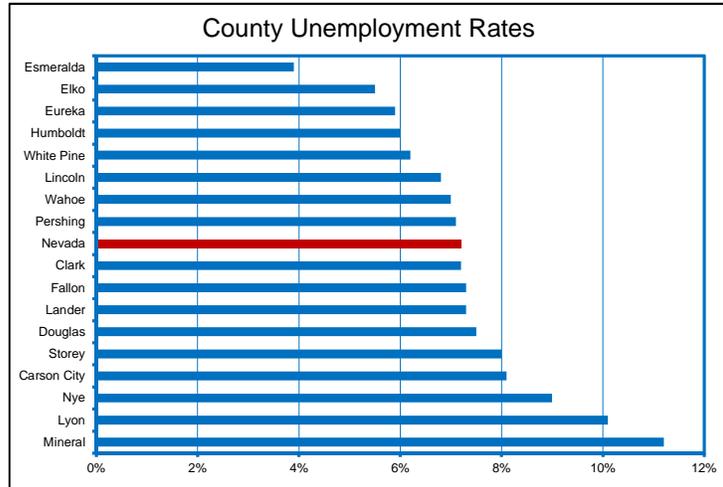
Monthly claims for unemployment insurance have largely stabilized, averaging 29,000 over the last 12 months. From its high-water mark during the recession, the average number of all UI claimants has fallen by more than 75 percent. This is partially explained by the end of Federal emergency unemployment compensation programs at the end of 2013, meaning well over 16,000 Nevadans lost UI benefits. Correspondingly, the coverage ratio, which measures the total number of unemployed receiving unemployment insurance benefits,

² Unemployment rates for the State's metropolitan areas and counties reported here are not adjusted for seasonality. Hence, comparisons to the State's seasonally adjusted rate should be avoided. Legitimate comparisons, however, can be made to the State's unadjusted rate – 7.2 percent in February, down from 7.6 percent in January and down from 8.6 percent in February 2014.

fell from its peak of 80 percent in May 2009 to its current level of 29 percent. This measure will likely begin to improve as Nevada's total unemployment levels fall.

Analysis of bankruptcy filings can shed light on the condition of the economy. The number of bankruptcy filings will tend to increase when the economy is in recession and decrease when the economy is healthy. Bankruptcy filings averaged 462 per month in 2006. Due to the economic recession, that number increased to over 2,500 monthly filings in 2010. The average number of bankruptcy filings for 2014 was 932 per month, down from 1,160 in 2013. The 2014 total can be broken down to 897 non-business filings and 35 business filings. During the 2010 peak, there were 2,430 non-business filings and 82 business filings. The significant amount of non-business bankruptcy filings may correlate with the large amount of defaulted home loans during the Great Recession. Although bankruptcy activity is not as low as pre-recessionary levels, the volume of filings appears to be continuing to decline.

We are continuing our assessment of the structure of cyclical movements in the labor market via an examination of labor turnover rates, as reported by the Census Bureau's Local Employment Dynamics (LED) Program. This is the rate at which stable jobs begin and end in a given region. The most



recent information shows labor turnover hovering in a narrow range just below ten percent.

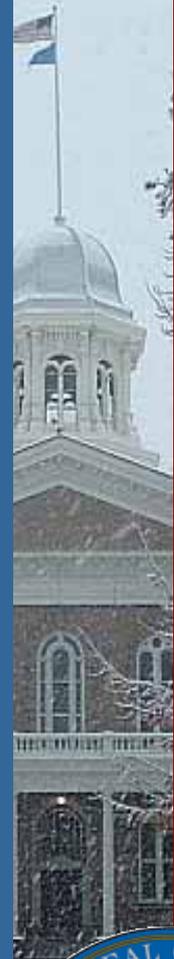
This month, we look at labor turnover in the State's mining industry. Since 2006, labor turnover in the industry has been consistently below that of the average of all industries. This is to be expected in an industry where average earnings are approximately twice that of the state as a whole. The latest available data show that mining turnover was 6.9 percent in the fourth quarter of 2013, whereas, for the rest of the state turnover was 9.5 percent.

The Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS), produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, helps to shed light on the underlying trends in the national labor market. The number of hires is a good barometer for measuring the confidence that employers have in the state of the economy. This series fell by more than 1.8 million hires per month from peak to trough. With nearly five million hires recorded in January, there have been increases on a year-over-year

basis in 56 of the last 59 months. Perhaps more interesting are the trends in quits. During the recession, there was a marked downtrend in quits, which suggests that people with jobs felt inclined to hold on to those jobs while the labor market was in flux. Lately there has been an uptick in quits, suggesting greater confidence in the labor market on the part of the workers themselves. In January, quits totaled 2.8 million, up 17.4 percent over the year. This is the 22nd consecutive increase in the series. Continuing improvement on the national level can only be good news for Nevada.

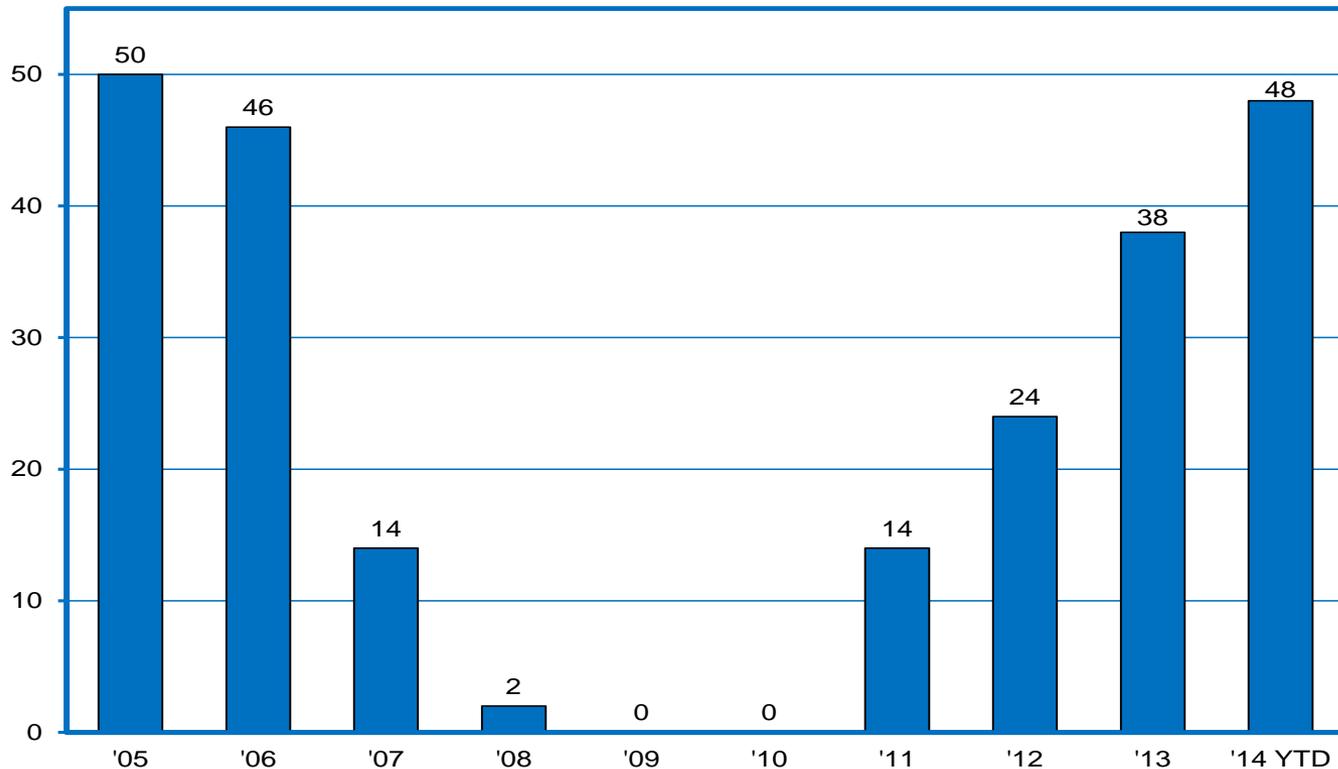
Nevada Labor Market Briefing: February 2015

Special Topics Slides



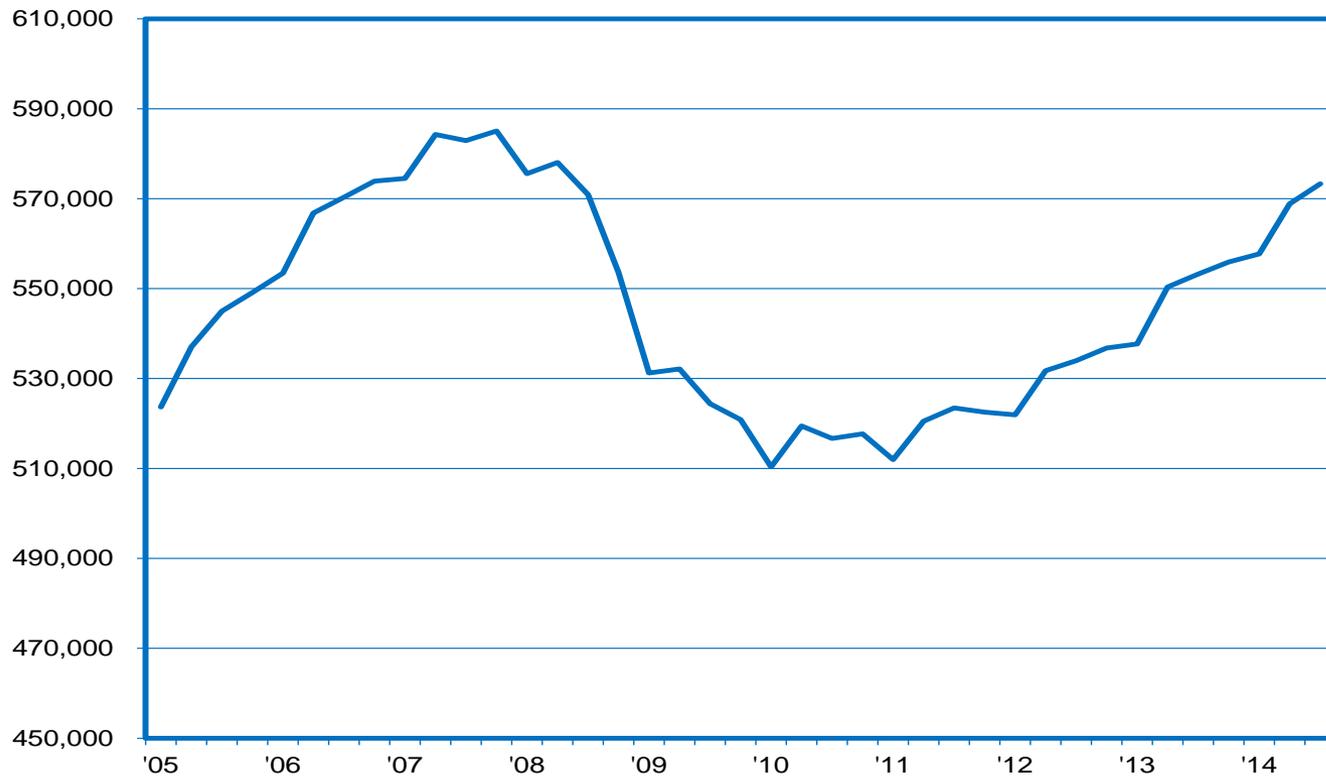
Job Growth 3rd-Strongest in Nation

QCEW Job Growth Rankings (# of states with slower private sector job growth than NV; 2014 YTD through IIIQ)



Small Businesses Add 63K Jobs in Nevada Over Recovery

Employment in Establishments with less than 100 Workers



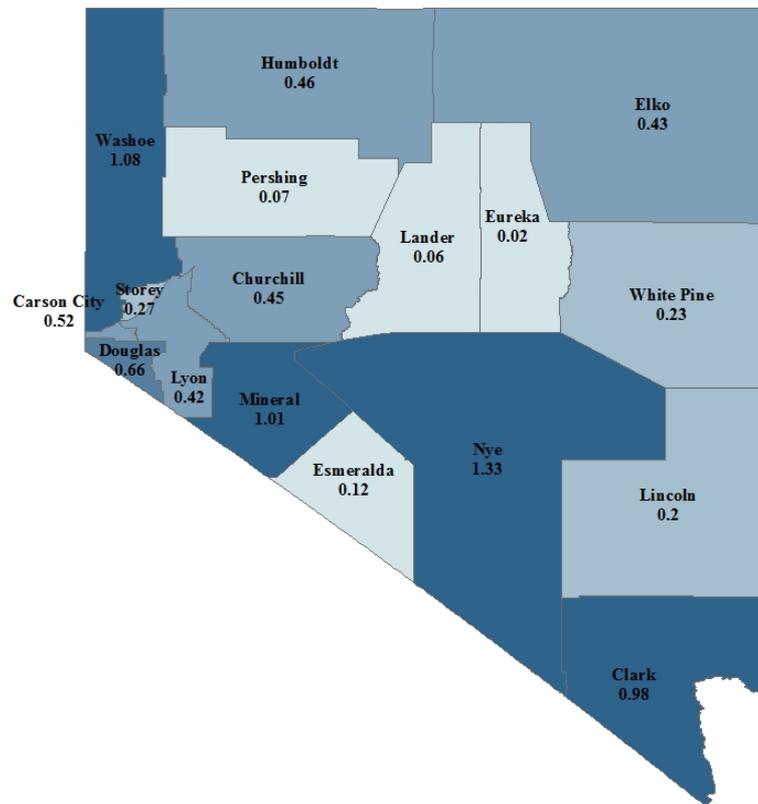
Large Employers Hit Harder by Recession in Nevada

Jobs by Establishment Size; 2005:IQ=100)



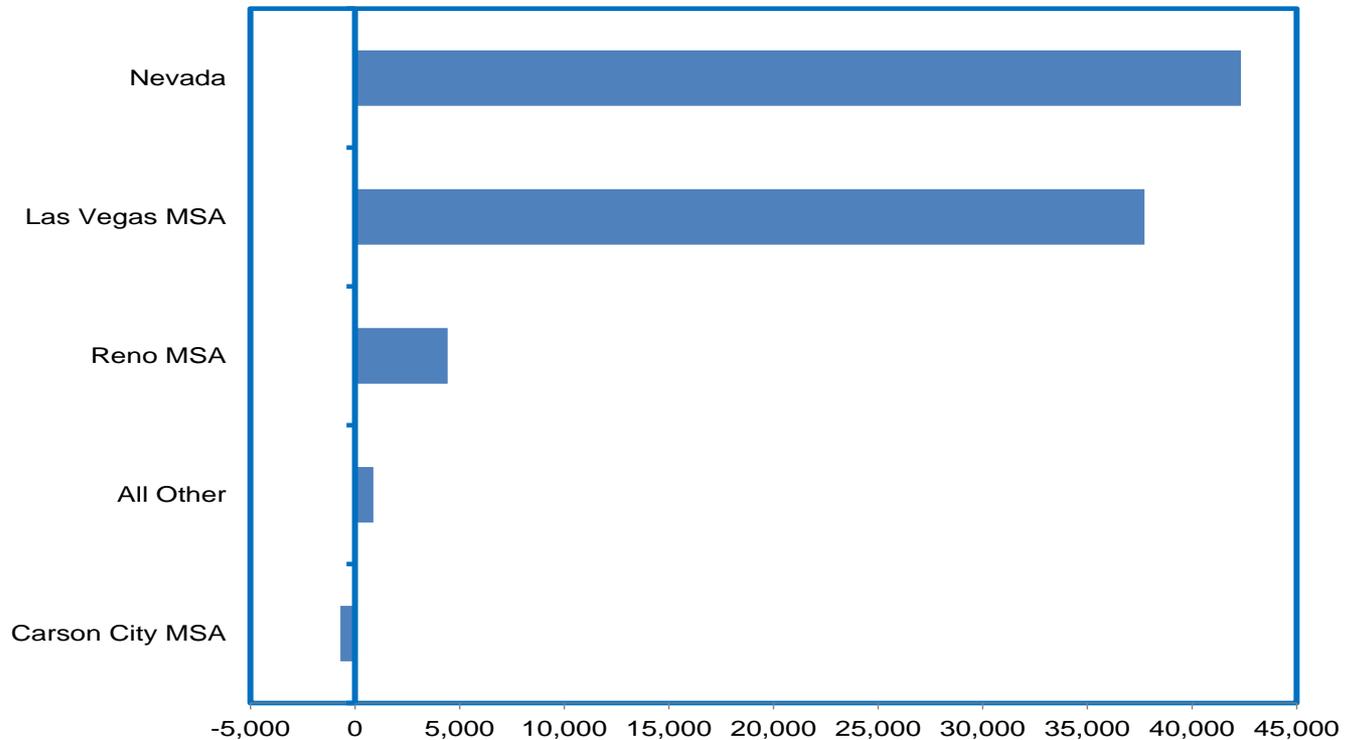
In General, Professional/Business Services Jobs Concentrated in Population Centers

PBS Location Quotients (county PBS job share/national share)



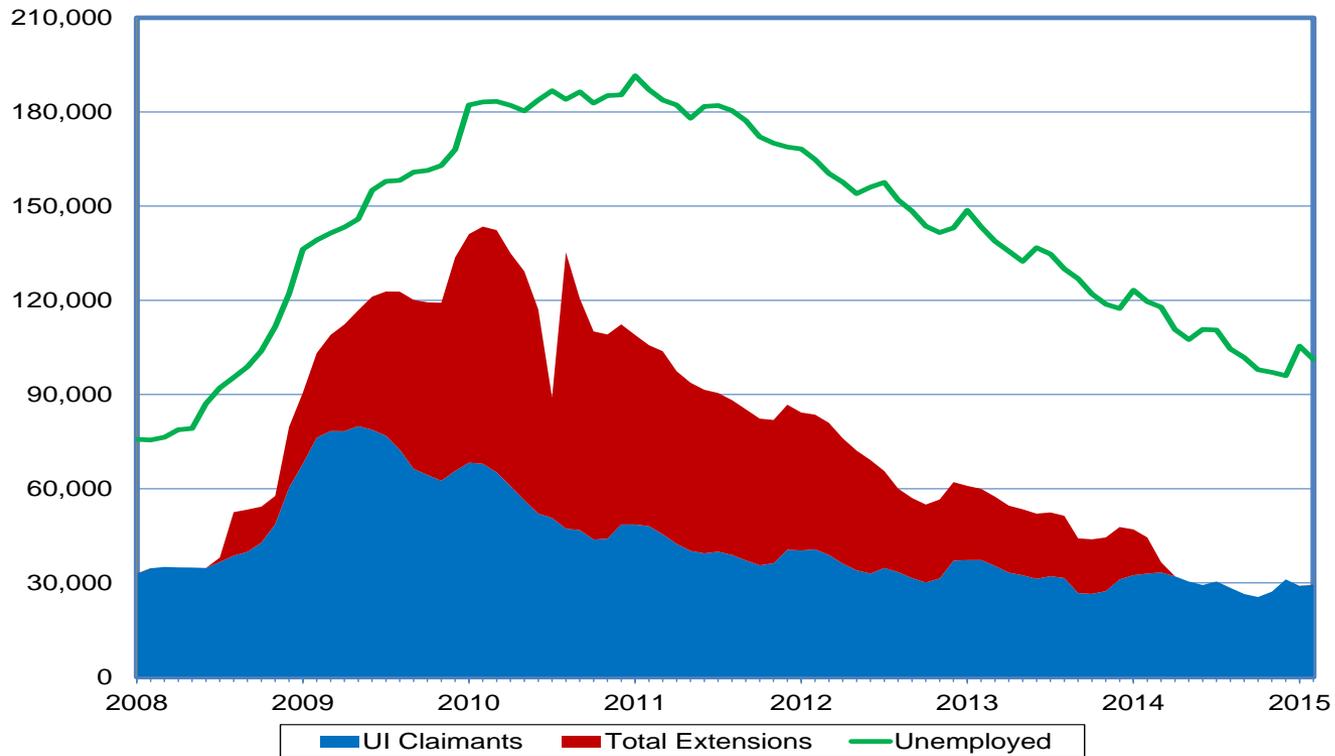
Nevada Population Grows by 42,300 in 2014; Nearly All Growth in Vegas and Reno

2013-2014 Population Growth



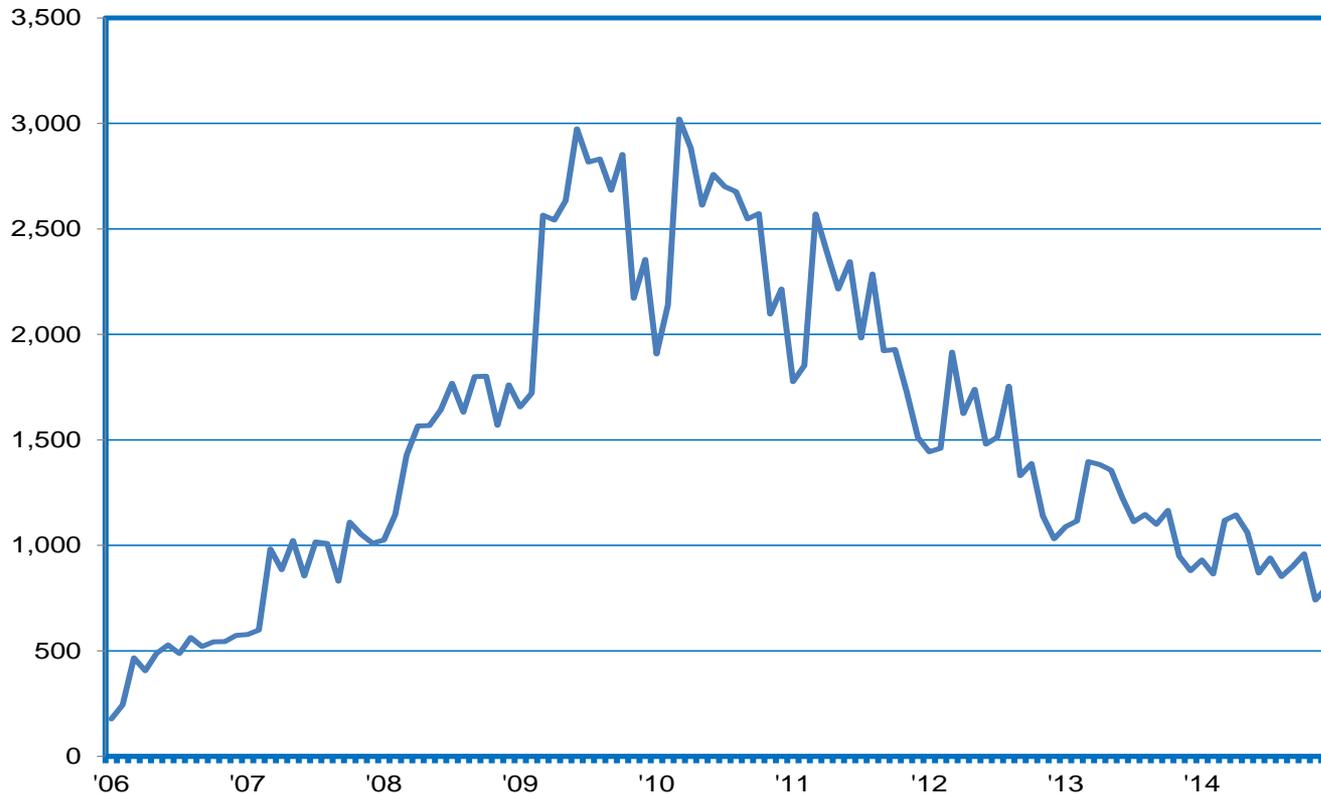
Unemployment Insurance Claimants = 29K; Unemployed = 101K

UI Claimants vs. the Number of Unemployed



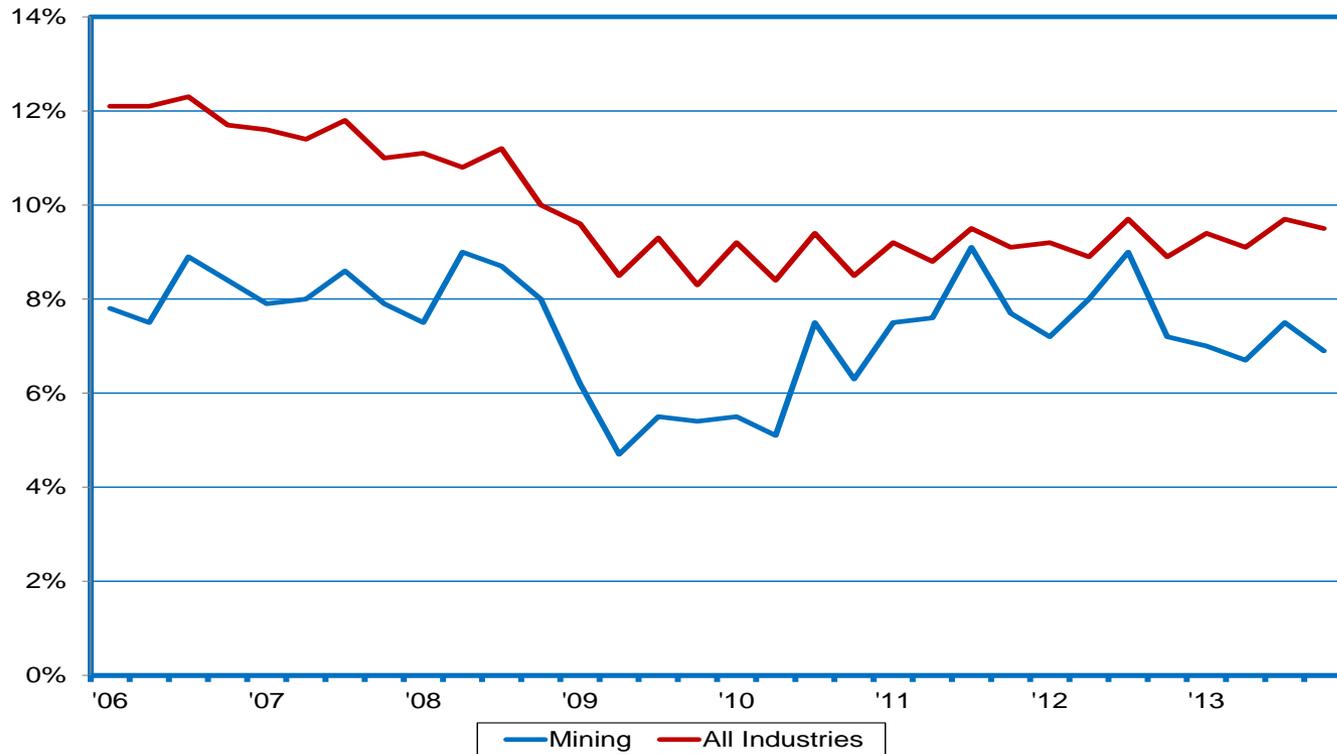
Bankruptcies Peaked at 3K/Month; Now at 800/Month

Nevada Bankruptcy Filings



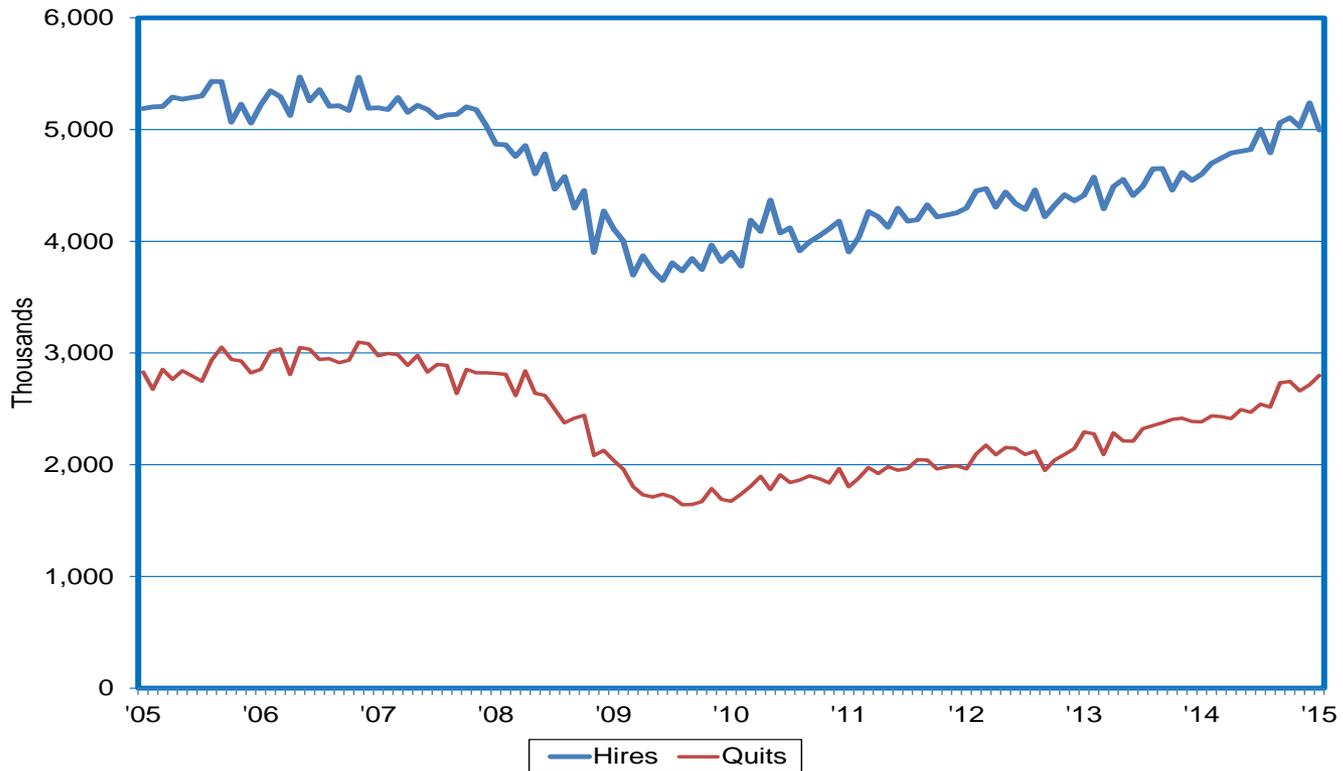
Labor Turnover in Mining is Low... Perhaps Because they are High-Paying

Labor Turnover Rate (pct. of jobs with a hire and/or separation)



Increases in Job Quits are a Good Thing... Reflects Job Seeker Confidence

U.S. Job Hires and Quits (JOLTS data)





Nevada

Employment & Unemployment

Estimates for February 2015

Unemployment Rates:

Nevada Statewide (Seasonally Adjusted)	7.1%
Las Vegas-Paradise MSA	7.2%
Reno-Sparks MSA	7.1%
Carson City MSA	8.1%
Elko Micropolitan Area	5.6%
United States (Seasonally Adjusted)	5.5%

Employment estimates are produced by the Current Employment Statistics program.
Labor Force estimates are produced by the Local Area Unemployment Statistics program.

Research and Analysis Bureau, Nevada Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation
operates these programs in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Telephone (775) 684-0450

Nevada Labor Force and Unemployment

(Estimates In Thousands)

LABOR FORCE SUMMARY		FEB 2015	FEB 2014	CHANGE	% CHANGE	JAN 2015
NEVADA STATEWIDE Seasonally Adjusted						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		1403.6	1389.3	14.3	1.0%	1401.7
UNEMPLOYMENT		99.5	116.1	-16.6	-14.3%	99.3
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		7.1%	8.4%	-----	-----	7.1%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		1304.1	1273.2	30.9	2.4%	1302.4
NEVADA STATEWIDE						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		1402.8	1391.3	11.5	0.8%	1395.7
UNEMPLOYMENT		101.2	119.6	-18.4	-15.4%	105.4
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		7.2%	8.6%	-----	-----	7.6%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		1301.6	1271.7	29.9	2.3%	1290.3
Las Vegas-Paradise MSA Includes Clark County						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		1028.1	1017.3	10.8	1.1%	1025.5
UNEMPLOYMENT		73.9	86.5	-12.6	-14.6%	77.1
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		7.2%	8.5%	-----	-----	7.5%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		954.2	930.8	23.4	2.5%	948.4
Reno-Sparks MSA Includes Washoe and Storey Counties						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		226.2	224.3	1.9	0.8%	223.4
UNEMPLOYMENT		16.0	19.4	-3.4	-17.5%	16.5
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		7.1%	8.6%	-----	-----	7.4%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		210.2	204.9	5.3	2.6%	206.9
Carson City MSA						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		25.1	25.3	-0.2	-0.6%	25.0
UNEMPLOYMENT		2.0	2.5	-0.5	-20.8%	2.1
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		8.1%	10.0%	-----	-----	8.5%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		23.1	22.7	0.4	1.6%	22.9
Elko Micropolitan Area Includes Elko and Eureka Counties						
TOTAL LABOR FORCE		28.6	28.7	-0.1	-0.3%	28.4
UNEMPLOYMENT		1.6	1.9	-0.3	-15.5%	1.7
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		5.6%	6.6%	-----	-----	6.0%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/		27.0	26.8	0.2	0.8%	26.7

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BASED ON UNROUNDED DATA

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

Information compiled by DETR's Research & Analysis Bureau

Seasonally Adjusted Establishment Based Industrial Employment Nevada Statewide

(Estimates In Thousands)

	FEB 2015	FEB 2014	CHANGE	% CHANGE	JAN 2015
Total All Industries	1235.5	1198.6	36.9	3.1%	1236.0
<i>Natural Resources & Mining</i>	<i>14.0</i>	<i>14.4</i>	<i>-0.4</i>	<i>-2.8%</i>	<i>14.2</i>
<i>Construction</i>	<i>64.1</i>	<i>60.9</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>5.3%</i>	<i>65.4</i>
<i>Manufacturing</i>	<i>42.0</i>	<i>41.5</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>1.2%</i>	<i>41.9</i>
Durable Goods	26.1	25.9	0.2	0.8%	26.0
Non-durable Goods	15.9	15.6	0.3	1.9%	15.9
<i>Trade, Transportation & Utilities</i>	<i>236.9</i>	<i>227.2</i>	<i>9.7</i>	<i>4.3%</i>	<i>234.8</i>
Wholesale	35.1	33.7	1.4	4.2%	35.2
Retail	142.1	137.9	4.2	3.0%	140.7
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	59.7	55.6	4.1	7.4%	58.9
<i>Financial Activities</i>	<i>56.3</i>	<i>57.0</i>	<i>-0.7</i>	<i>-1.2%</i>	<i>56.3</i>
Finance and Insurance	31.7	32.4	-0.7	-2.2%	31.7
Real Estate & Rental Leasing	24.6	24.6	0.0	0.0%	24.6
<i>Professional & Business Services</i>	<i>159.7</i>	<i>153.4</i>	<i>6.3</i>	<i>4.1%</i>	<i>159.6</i>
Professional, Scientific and Technical	52.4	49.5	2.9	5.9%	51.2
Management of Companies	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	0.0
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	86.5	83.4	3.1	3.7%	87.8
<i>Education and Health Services</i>	<i>119.8</i>	<i>114.5</i>	<i>5.3</i>	<i>4.6%</i>	<i>119.2</i>
Educational Services	13.9	12.6	1.3	10.3%	13.6
Health Care and Social Assistance	105.9	101.9	4.0	3.9%	105.6
<i>Leisure and Hospitality</i>	<i>344.0</i>	<i>330.6</i>	<i>13.4</i>	<i>4.1%</i>	<i>344.1</i>
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	28.3	27.3	1.0	3.7%	28.3
Accommodation and Food Service	315.7	303.3	12.4	4.1%	315.8
<i>Other Services</i>	<i>35.1</i>	<i>34.3</i>	<i>0.8</i>	<i>2.3%</i>	<i>34.4</i>
<i>Government</i>	<i>150.1</i>	<i>151.8</i>	<i>-1.7</i>	<i>-1.1%</i>	<i>152.7</i>
Federal	18.2	17.8	0.4	2.2%	18.2
State	35.9	37.3	-1.4	-3.8%	37.7
Local	96.0	96.7	-0.7	-0.7%	96.8

Las Vegas-Paradise MSA

	FEB 2015	FEB 2014	CHANGE	% CHANGE	JAN 2015
Total All Industries	897.7	870.9	26.8	3.1%	895.7

Reno/Sparks MSA

	FEB 2015	FEB 2014	CHANGE	% CHANGE	JAN 2015
Total All Industries	205.0	200.4	4.6	2.3%	204.3

Carson City MSA

	FEB 2015	FEB 2014	CHANGE	% CHANGE	JAN 2015
Total All Industries	28.1	27.6	0.5	1.8%	28.5

Nevada Statewide

(Estimates In Thousands)

ESTABLISHMENT BASED INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT	FEB 2015	FEB 2014	CHANGE	% CHANGE	JAN 2015
Total All Industries	1227.1	1186.7	40.4	3.4%	1220.5
Goods Producing	118.2	113.9	4.3	3.8%	118.0
Natural Resources & Mining	13.8	14.1	-0.3	-2.1%	14.0
Metal Ore Mining	11.1	11.3	-0.2	-1.8%	11.2
Construction	62.8	58.6	4.2	7.2%	62.6
Construction of Buildings	11.1	10.8	0.3	2.8%	11.0
Specialty Trade Contractors	45.7	41.8	3.9	9.3%	44.9
Manufacturing	41.6	41.2	0.4	1.0%	41.4
Durable Goods	25.8	25.7	0.1	0.4%	25.7
Computer & Electronic Products	10.1	10.6	-0.5	-4.7%	10.1
Other Miscellaneous (Includes Slot Mfg.)	6.4	7.1	-0.7	-9.9%	6.4
Non-durable Goods	15.8	15.5	0.3	1.9%	15.7
Services Producing	1108.9	1072.8	36.1	3.4%	1102.5
Private Service Providing	956.3	919.0	37.3	4.1%	952.6
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	233.5	223.7	9.8	4.4%	233.7
Wholesale	34.7	33.5	1.2	3.6%	34.9
Retail	139.7	135.1	4.6	3.4%	140.0
General Merchandise & Clothing	48.4	47.1	1.3	2.8%	50.0
Food & Beverage Stores	21.8	21.0	0.8	3.8%	21.9
Health and Personal Care Stores	8.4	8.0	0.4	5.0%	8.4
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	59.1	55.1	4.0	7.3%	58.8
Utilities	3.9	3.9	0.0	0.0%	3.9
Transportation & Warehousing	55.2	51.2	4.0	7.8%	54.9
Trucking, Couriers/Messengers, and Air	24.4	22.5	1.9	8.4%	24.5
Transit and Ground Passenger	6.2	5.8	0.4	6.9%	6.2
Taxi and Limousine Service	15.1	14.8	0.3	2.0%	15.2
Information	11.3	11.0	0.3	2.7%	11.4
Telecommunications	3.8	3.9	-0.1	-2.6%	3.8
Financial Activities	56.4	56.6	-0.2	-0.4%	56.5
Finance and Insurance	31.9	32.4	-0.5	-1.5%	32.2
Credit Intermediation & Related	17.5	17.5	0.0	0.0%	17.6
Real Estate & Rental Leasing	24.5	24.2	0.3	1.2%	24.3
Professional & Business Services	158.1	152.7	5.4	3.5%	157.7
Professional, Scientific and Technical	52.2	49.9	2.3	4.6%	51.1
Management of Companies	21.1	20.4	0.7	3.4%	21.0
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	84.8	82.4	2.4	2.9%	85.6
Administrative & Support Services	80.0	79.2	0.8	1.0%	81.6
Employment Services	18.8	18.9	-0.1	-0.5%	19.6
Education and Health Services	119.5	114.3	5.2	4.5%	118.4
Educational Services	14.2	12.9	1.3	10.1%	13.7
Health Care and Social Assistance	105.3	101.4	3.9	3.8%	104.7
Ambulatory Health Care Services	46.6	45.5	1.1	2.4%	46.0
Hospitals	26.1	25.1	1.0	4.0%	26.0
Leisure and Hospitality	340.8	325.1	15.7	4.8%	338.8
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	27.7	26.4	1.3	4.9%	27.5
Accommodation and Food Service	313.1	298.7	14.4	4.8%	311.3
Accommodation	199.4	192.2	7.2	3.7%	197.6
Casino Hotels and Gaming	193.9	187.1	6.8	3.6%	192.4
Casino Hotels	183.6	176.8	6.8	3.8%	182.1
Gaming Industries	10.3	10.3	0.0	0.0%	10.3
Food Services and Drinking Places	113.7	106.5	7.2	6.8%	113.7
Full-Service Restaurants	55.3	53.0	2.3	4.3%	55.3
Limited-Service Restaurants	44.1	41.4	2.7	6.5%	43.8
Other Services	34.5	33.6	0.9	2.7%	34.1
Government	152.6	153.8	-1.2	-0.8%	149.9
Federal	17.9	17.6	0.3	1.7%	17.9
State	36.9	38.2	-1.3	-3.4%	34.9
Local	97.8	98.0	-0.2	-0.2%	97.1

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BASED ON UNROUNDED DATA

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

Las Vegas-Paradise MSA

Includes Clark County
(Estimates In Thousands)

ESTABLISHMENT BASED INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT	FEB 2015	FEB 2014	CHANGE	% CHANGE	JAN 2015
Total All Industries	891.7	864.2	27.5	3.2%	887.4
Goods Producing	69.9	64.2	5.7	8.9%	68.5
Natural Resources & Mining	0.4	0.3	0.1	33.3%	0.4
Construction	48.5	43.0	5.5	12.8%	47.3
Construction of Buildings	7.2	7.1	0.1	1.4%	7.2
Specialty Trade Contractors	35.9	31.8	4.1	12.9%	34.9
Building Foundation & Exterior Contractors	7.7	7.1	0.6	8.5%	7.7
Building Finishing Contractors	10.2	8.9	1.3	14.6%	9.9
Manufacturing	21.0	20.9	0.1	0.5%	20.8
Durable Goods	12.1	12.1	0.0	0.0%	12.0
Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing	4.2	4.5	-0.3	-6.7%	4.2
Non-durable Goods	8.9	8.8	0.1	1.1%	8.8
Services Producing	821.8	800.0	21.8	2.7%	818.9
Private Service Providing	725.2	702.7	22.5	3.2%	723.8
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	163.8	158.0	5.8	3.7%	164.1
Wholesale	21.4	20.9	0.5	2.4%	21.4
Retail	103.6	99.8	3.8	3.8%	103.8
General Merchandise & Clothing	38.3	37.0	1.3	3.5%	39.6
Food & Beverage Stores	16.3	15.3	1.0	6.5%	16.3
Health and Personal Care Stores	7.0	6.7	0.3	4.5%	7.0
Trans, Warehousing & Utilities	38.8	37.3	1.5	4.0%	38.9
Utilities	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0%	2.6
Transportation & Warehousing	36.3	34.8	1.5	4.3%	36.3
Air	5.7	5.4	0.3	5.6%	5.7
Transit and Ground Passenger	14.4	13.9	0.5	3.6%	14.4
Taxi and Limousine Service	11.1	10.8	0.3	2.8%	11.1
Information	10.1	9.9	0.2	2.0%	10.2
Telecommunications	3.0	3.0	0.0	0.0%	2.9
Financial Activities	42.6	43.4	-0.8	-1.8%	42.6
Finance and Insurance	23.4	24.1	-0.7	-2.9%	23.5
Credit Intermediation & Related	13.1	13.3	-0.2	-1.5%	13.2
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	19.2	19.3	-0.1	-0.5%	19.1
Professional & Business Services	119.6	115.6	4.0	3.5%	119.2
Professional, Scientific and Technical	37.4	35.8	1.6	4.5%	36.8
Management of Companies	17.5	16.2	1.3	8.0%	17.4
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	64.7	63.6	1.1	1.7%	65.0
Administrative and Support Services	62.2	61.4	0.8	1.3%	62.6
Employment Services	13.1	12.4	0.7	5.6%	13.3
Other Support Services	9.6	10.4	-0.8	-7.7%	10.2
Education and Health Services	82.9	81.2	1.7	2.1%	82.3
Health Care and Social Assistance	73.0	71.4	1.6	2.2%	72.4
Ambulatory Health Care Services	34.6	33.4	1.2	3.6%	34.4
Hospitals	17.7	16.9	0.8	4.7%	17.6
Leisure and Hospitality	280.4	269.8	10.6	3.9%	279.8
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	18.7	17.7	1.0	5.6%	18.6
Accommodation and Food Service	261.7	252.1	9.6	3.8%	261.2
Accommodation	172.3	166.6	5.7	3.4%	171.5
Casino Hotels and Gaming	164.7	158.9	5.8	3.7%	163.6
Casino Hotels	159.5	153.8	5.7	3.7%	158.4
Gaming Industries	5.2	5.1	0.1	2.0%	5.2
Food Services and Drinking Places	89.4	85.5	3.9	4.6%	89.7
Full-Service Restaurants	44.9	43.8	1.1	2.5%	44.9
Limited-Service Restaurants	33.6	31.4	2.2	7.0%	33.5
Other Services	25.8	24.8	1.0	4.0%	25.6
Government	96.6	97.3	-0.7	-0.7%	95.1
Federal	12.1	12.1	0.0	0.0%	12.2
State	17.6	18.3	-0.7	-3.8%	16.2
Local	66.9	66.9	0.0	0.0%	66.7

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BASED ON UNROUNDED DATA

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

2/ Data may not add due to rounding. Employment by place of work. Does not coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple job holders.

Reno-Sparks MSA

Includes Washoe and Storey Counties

(Estimates In Thousands)

ESTABLISHMENT BASED INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT	FEB 2015	FEB 2014	CHANGE	% CHANGE	JAN 2015
Total All Industries	203.1	196.6	6.5	3.3%	200.6
<i>Goods Producing</i>	23.4	23.0	0.4	1.7%	23.4
Natural Resources & Mining	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0%	0.2
Construction	10.3	10.1	0.2	2.0%	10.4
Manufacturing	12.9	12.7	0.2	1.6%	12.8
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	2.3	2.5	-0.2	-8.0%	2.3
<i>Services Producing</i>	179.7	173.6	6.1	3.5%	177.2
<i>Private Service Producing</i>	150.1	144.1	6.0	4.2%	149.3
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	46.0	44.0	2.0	4.5%	45.9
Wholesale	9.2	8.8	0.4	4.5%	9.1
Retail	22.0	21.4	0.6	2.8%	22.0
General Merchandise & Clothing	6.6	6.6	0.0	0.0%	6.8
Food & Beverage Stores	3.1	3.3	-0.2	-6.1%	3.1
Trans, Warehousing & Utilities	14.8	13.8	1.0	7.2%	14.8
Information	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0%	2.0
Financial Activities	9.5	9.3	0.2	2.2%	9.6
Finance and Insurance	5.9	5.8	0.1	1.7%	5.9
Professional & Business Services	27.3	25.9	1.4	5.4%	27.0
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	14.0	13.4	0.6	4.5%	14.3
Education and Health Services	24.1	23.3	0.8	3.4%	23.9
Leisure and Hospitality	35.4	33.8	1.6	4.7%	35.2
Accommodation and Food Service	30.1	29.1	1.0	3.4%	29.8
Accommodation	15.8	15.4	0.4	2.6%	15.7
Casino Hotels	14.8	14.5	0.3	2.1%	14.6
Food Services and Drinking Places	14.3	13.7	0.6	4.4%	14.1
Other Services	5.8	5.8	0.0	0.0%	5.7
Government	29.6	29.5	0.1	0.3%	27.9
Federal	3.4	3.5	-0.1	-2.9%	3.4
State	11.0	10.5	0.5	4.8%	9.7
Local	15.2	15.5	-0.3	-1.9%	14.8

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BASED ON UNROUNDED DATA

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

2/ Data may not add due to rounding. Employment by place of work. Does not coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple job holders.

Information compiled by DETR's Research & Analysis Bureau

Carson City MSA

Includes Carson City
(Estimates In Thousands)

ESTABLISHMENT BASED INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT	FEB 2015	FEB 2014	CHANGE	% CHANGE	JAN 2015
Total All Industries	27.8	27.2	0.6	2.2%	27.7
<i>Goods Producing</i>	3.6	3.5	0.1	2.9%	3.7
Manufacturing	2.6	2.6	0.0	0.0%	2.5
<i>Services Producing</i>	24.2	23.7	0.5	2.1%	24.0
<i>Private Service Producing</i>	15.1	14.5	0.6	4.1%	15.0
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	3.9	3.7	0.2	5.4%	3.9
Retail	3.0	2.9	0.1	3.4%	3.0
Professional & Business Services	2.0	1.8	0.2	11.1%	2.0
Leisure and Hospitality	3.3	3.2	0.1	3.1%	3.3
Government	9.1	9.2	-0.1	-1.1%	9.0
Federal	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0%	0.5
State	6.7	6.8	-0.1	-1.5%	6.6
Local	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0%	1.9

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BASED ON UNROUNDED DATA

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

2/ Data may not add due to rounding. Employment by place of work. Does not coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple job holders.

Information compiled by DETR's Research & Analysis Bureau



2015 Seasonally Adjusted Industrial Employment (Estimates In Thousands)

Nevada Statewide

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	1236.0	1235.5											1235.8
Natural Resources & Mining	14.2	14.0											14.1
Construction	65.4	64.1											64.8
Manufacturing	41.9	42.0											42.0
Durable Goods	26.0	26.1											26.1
Non-durable Goods	15.9	15.9											15.9
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	234.8	236.9											235.9
Wholesale	35.2	35.1											35.2
Retail	140.7	142.1											141.4
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	58.9	59.7											59.3
Financial Activities	56.3	56.3											56.3
Finance and Insurance	31.7	31.7											31.7
Real Estate & Rental Leasing	24.6	24.6											24.6
Professional & Business Services	159.6	159.7											159.7
Professional, Scientific and Technical	51.2	52.4											51.8
Management of Companies	0.0	0.0											0.0
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	87.8	86.5											87.2
Education and Health Services	119.2	119.8											119.5
Educational Services	13.6	13.9											13.8
Health Care and Social Assistance	105.6	105.9											105.8
Leisure and Hospitality	344.1	344.0											344.1
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	28.3	28.3											28.3
Accommodation and Food Service	315.8	315.7											315.8
Other Services	34.4	35.1											34.8
Government	152.7	150.1											151.4
Federal	18.2	18.2											18.2
State	37.7	35.9											36.8
Local	96.8	96.0											96.4

Las Vegas MSA

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	895.7	897.7											896.7

Reno/Sparks MSA

Estimates in thousands													AVERAGE
Total All Industries	204.3	205.0											204.7

Carson City MSA

Estimates in thousands													AVERAGE
Total All Industries	28.5	28.1											28.3

Detail may not add due to rounding. This report reflects non-ag employment by place of work. It does not necessarily coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple jobholders.
 Information compiled by DETR's Research & Analysis Bureau



Nevada Statewide 2015 Industrial Employment

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	1220.5	1227.1											1223.8
Goods Producing	118.0	118.2											118.1
Natural Resources & Mining	14.0	13.8											13.9
Metal Ore Mining	11.2	11.1											11.2
Construction	62.6	62.8											62.7
Construction of Buildings	11.0	11.1											11.1
Specialty Trade Contractors	44.9	45.7											45.3
Manufacturing	41.4	41.6											41.5
Durable Goods	25.7	25.8											25.8
Computer & Electronic Products	10.1	10.1											10.1
Other Miscellaneous (Includes Slot Mfg.)	6.4	6.4											6.4
Non-durable Goods	15.7	15.8											15.8
Services Producing	1102.5	1108.9											1105.7
Private Service Providing	952.6	956.3											954.5
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	233.7	233.5											233.6
Wholesale	34.9	34.7											34.8
Retail	140.0	139.7											139.9
General Merchandise & Clothing	50.0	48.4											49.2
Food & Beverage Stores	21.9	21.8											21.9
Health and Personal Care Stores	8.4	8.4											8.4
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	58.8	59.1											59.0
Utilities	3.9	3.9											3.9
Transportation & Warehousing	54.9	55.2											55.1
Trucking, Couriers/Messengers, and Warehousing/Storage	24.5	24.4											24.5
Air	6.2	6.2											6.2
Transit and Ground Passenger	15.2	15.1											15.2
Taxi and Limousine Service	11.4	11.3											11.4
Information	13.4	13.5											13.5
Telecommunications	3.8	3.8											3.8
Financial Activities	56.5	56.4											56.5
Finance and Insurance	32.2	31.9											32.1
Credit Intermediation & Related	17.6	17.5											17.6
Real Estate & Rental Leasing	24.3	24.5											24.4
Professional & Business Services	157.7	158.1											157.9
Professional, Scientific and Technical	51.1	52.2											51.7
Management of Companies	21.0	21.1											21.1
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt. Administrative & Support Services	85.6	84.8											85.2
Employment Services	19.6	18.8											19.2
Education and Health Services	118.4	119.5											119.0
Educational Services	13.7	14.2											14.0
Health Care and Social Assistance	104.7	105.3											105.0
Ambulatory Health Care Services	46.0	46.6											46.3
Hospitals	26.0	26.1											26.1
Leisure and Hospitality	338.8	340.8											339.8
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	27.5	27.7											27.6
Accommodation and Food Service	311.3	313.1											312.2
Accommodation	197.6	199.4											198.5
Casino Hotels and Gaming	192.4	193.9											193.2
Casino Hotels	182.1	183.6											182.9
Gaming Industries	10.3	10.3											10.3
Food Services and Drinking Places	113.7	113.7											113.7
Full-Service Restaurants	55.3	55.3											55.3
Limited-Service Restaurants	43.8	44.1											44.0
Other Services	34.1	34.5											34.3
Government	149.9	152.6											151.3
Federal	17.9	17.9											17.9
State	34.9	36.9											35.9
Local	97.1	97.8											97.5

Detail may not add due to rounding. This report reflects non-ag employment by place of work. It does not necessarily coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple jobholders.



Las Vegas-Paradise MSA

2015 Industrial Employment

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	887.4	891.7											889.6
Goods Producing	68.5	69.9											69.2
Natural Resources & Mining	0.4	0.4											0.4
Construction	47.3	48.5											47.9
Construction of Buildings	7.2	7.2											7.2
Specialty Trade Contractors	34.9	35.9											35.4
Building Foundation & Exterior Contrac	7.7	7.7											7.7
Building Finishing Contractors	9.9	10.2											10.1
Manufacturing	20.8	21.0											20.9
Durable Goods	12.0	12.1											12.1
Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing	4.2	4.2											4.2
Non-durable Goods	8.8	8.9											8.9
Services Producing	818.9	821.8											820.4
Private Service Providing	723.8	725.2											724.5
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	164.1	163.8											164.0
Wholesale	21.4	21.4											21.4
Retail	103.8	103.6											103.7
General Merchandise & Clothing	39.6	38.3											39.0
Food & Beverage Stores	16.3	16.3											16.3
Health and Personal Care Stores	7.0	7.0											7.0
Trans, Warehousing & Utilities	38.9	38.8											38.9
Utilities	2.6	2.5											2.6
Transportation & Warehousing	36.3	36.3											36.3
Air	5.7	5.7											5.7
Transit and Ground Passenger	14.4	14.4											14.4
Taxi and Limousine Service	11.1	11.1											11.1
Information	10.2	10.1											10.2
Telecommunications	2.9	3.0											3.0
Financial Activities	42.6	42.6											42.6
Finance and Insurance	23.5	23.4											23.5
Credit Intermediation & Related	13.2	13.1											13.2
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	19.1	19.2											19.2
Professional & Business Services	119.2	119.6											119.4
Professional, Scientific and Technical	36.8	37.4											37.1
Management of Companies	17.4	17.5											17.5
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	65.0	64.7											64.9
Administrative and Support Services	62.6	62.2											62.4
Employment Services	13.3	13.1											13.2
Other Support Services	10.2	9.6											9.9
Education and Health Services	82.3	82.9											82.6
Health Care and Social Assistance	72.4	73.0											72.7
Ambulatory Health Care Services	34.4	34.6											34.5
Hospitals	17.6	17.7											17.7
Leisure and Hospitality	279.8	280.4											280.1
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	18.6	18.7											18.7
Accommodation and Food Service	261.2	261.7											261.5
Accommodation	171.5	172.3											171.9
Casino Hotels and Gaming	163.6	164.7											164.2
Casino Hotels	158.4	159.5											159.0
Gaming Industries	5.2	5.2											5.2
Food Services and Drinking Places	89.7	89.4											89.6
Full-Service Restaurants	44.9	44.9											44.9
Limited-Service Restaurants	33.5	33.6											33.6
Other Services	25.6	25.8											25.7
Government	95.1	96.6											95.9
Federal	12.2	12.1											12.2
State	16.2	17.6											16.9
Local	66.7	66.9											66.8

Detail may not add due to rounding. This report reflects non-ag employment by place of work. It does not necessarily coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple jobholders.



Reno-Sparks MSA

2015 Industrial Employment

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	200.6	203.1											201.9
Goods Producing	23.4	23.4											23.4
Natural Resources & Mining	0.2	0.2											0.2
Construction	10.4	10.3											10.4
Manufacturing	12.8	12.9											12.9
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	2.3	2.3											2.3
Services Producing	177.2	179.7											178.5
Private Service Producing	149.3	150.1											149.7
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	45.9	46.0											46.0
Wholesale	9.1	9.2											9.2
Retail	22.0	22.0											22.0
General Merchandise & Clothing	6.8	6.6											6.7
Food & Beverage Stores	3.1	3.1											3.1
Trans, Warehousing & Utilities	14.8	14.8											14.8
Information	2.0	2.0											2.0
Financial Activities	9.6	9.5											9.6
Finance and Insurance	5.9	5.9											5.9
Professional & Business Services	27.0	27.3											27.2
Administrative & Support and Waste Mgt.	14.3	14.0											14.2
Education and Health Services	23.9	24.1											24.0
Leisure and Hospitality	35.2	35.4											35.3
Accommodation and Food Service	29.8	30.1											30.0
Accommodation	15.7	15.8											15.8
Casino Hotels	14.6	14.8											14.7
Food Services and Drinking Places	14.1	14.3											14.2
Other Services	5.7	5.8											5.8
Government	27.9	29.6											28.8
Federal	3.4	3.4											3.4
State	9.7	11.0											10.4
Local	14.8	15.2											15.0

Detail may not add due to rounding. This report reflects non-ag employment by place of work. It does not necessarily coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple jobholders.

Mar-15



Carson City MSA

2015 Industrial Employment

Estimates in thousands	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVERAGE
Total All Industries	27.7	27.8											27.8
<i>Goods Producing</i>	<i>3.7</i>	<i>3.6</i>											<i>3.7</i>
Manufacturing	2.5	2.6											2.6
<i>Services Producing</i>	<i>24.0</i>	<i>24.2</i>											<i>24.1</i>
<i>Private Service Producing</i>	<i>15.0</i>	<i>15.1</i>											<i>15.1</i>
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	3.9	3.9											3.9
Retail	3.0	3.0											3.0
Professional & Business Services	2.0	2.0											2.0
Leisure and Hospitality	3.3	3.3											3.3
Government	9.0	9.1											9.1
Federal	0.5	0.5											0.5
State	6.6	6.7											6.7
Local	1.9	1.9											1.9

Detail may not add due to rounding. This report reflects non-ag employment by place of work. It does not necessarily coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple jobholders.
 Information compiled by DETR's Research & Analysis Bureau

Mar-15



2015 NEVADA LABOR FORCE SUMMARY DATA

Estimates In Thousands Revised March 2015.

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
NEVADA													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	1395.7	1402.8											1399.3
UNEMPLOYMENT	105.4	101.2											103.3
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.6%	7.2%											7.4%
RATE-SEASONALLY ADJ.	7.1%	7.1%											7.1%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	1290.3	1301.6											1296.0
LAS VEGAS MSA 2/													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	1025.5	1028.1											1026.8
UNEMPLOYMENT	77.1	73.9											75.5
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.5%	7.2%											7.4%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	948.4	954.2											951.3
RENO MSA 3/													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	223.4	226.2											224.8
UNEMPLOYMENT	16.5	16.0											16.2
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.4%	7.1%											7.3%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	206.9	210.2											208.6
CARSON CITY MSA 4/													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	25.0	25.1											25.1
UNEMPLOYMENT	2.1	2.0											2.1
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	8.5%	8.1%											8.3%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	22.9	23.1											23.0
ELKO MICROPOLITAN AREA 5/													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	28.4	28.6											28.5
UNEMPLOYMENT	1.7	1.6											1.7
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	6.0%	5.6%											5.8%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	26.7	27.0											26.8

Note: Unemployment rates are based on unrounded data.

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

2/ Clark County

3/ Washoe and Storey Counties

4/ Carson City

5/ Elko and Eureka Counties



2015 NEVADA LABOR FORCE SUMMARY DATA

Revised March 2015.

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CARSON CITY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	24,980	25,110											25,050
UNEMPLOYMENT	2,120	2,040											2,080
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	8.5%	8.1%											8.3%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	22,860	23,070											22,970
CHURCHILL COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	10,260	10,480											10,370
UNEMPLOYMENT	790	770											780
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.7%	7.3%											7.5%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	9,470	9,710											9,590
CLARK COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	1,025,470	1,028,110											1,026,780
UNEMPLOYMENT	77,060	73,870											75,460
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.5%	7.2%											7.4%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	948,410	954,240											951,320
DOUGLAS COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	21,990	22,230											22,120
UNEMPLOYMENT	1,750	1,680											1,720
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	8.0%	7.5%											7.8%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	20,240	20,550											20,400
ELKO COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	27,380	27,500											27,430
UNEMPLOYMENT	1,640	1,530											1,580
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	6.0%	5.5%											5.8%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	25,740	25,970											25,850

Note: Unemployment rates are based on unrounded data.

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.



2015 NEVADA LABOR FORCE SUMMARY DATA

Revised March 2015.

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
ESMERALDA COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	560	570											560
UNEMPLOYMENT	30	20											20
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	4.5%	3.9%											4.2%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	530	550											540
EUREKA COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	990	1,060											1,030
UNEMPLOYMENT	70	60											70
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.3%	5.9%											6.6%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	920	1,000											960
HUMBOLDT COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	8,350	8,540											8,450
UNEMPLOYMENT	550	510											530
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	6.6%	6.0%											6.3%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	7,800	8,030											7,920
LANDER COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	3,260	3,330											3,300
UNEMPLOYMENT	240	240											240
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.4%	7.3%											0.0%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	3,020	3,090											3,060
LINCOLN COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	1,920	1,960											1,940
UNEMPLOYMENT	150	130											140
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.6%	6.8%											7.2%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	1,770	1,830											1,800

Note: Unemployment rates are based on unrounded data.

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.



2015 NEVADA LABOR FORCE SUMMARY DATA

Revised March 2015.

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
LYON COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	22,160	22,490											22,330
UNEMPLOYMENT	2,300	2,280											2,290
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	10.4%	10.1%											10.3%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	19,860	20,210											20,040
MINERAL COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	1,620	1,630											1,620
UNEMPLOYMENT	190	180											180
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	11.4%	11.2%											11.3%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	1,430	1,450											1,440
NYE COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	16,320	16,470											16,400
UNEMPLOYMENT	1,540	1,480											1,510
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	9.4%	9.0%											9.2%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	14,780	14,990											14,890
PERSHING COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	2,400	2,480											2,430
UNEMPLOYMENT	190	180											180
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.8%	7.1%											7.5%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	2,210	2,300											2,250
STOREY COUNTY													
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	1,880	1,900											1,890
UNEMPLOYMENT	160	150											160
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	8.7%	8.0%											8.4%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	1,720	1,750											1,730

Note: Unemployment rates are based on unrounded data.

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.



2015 NEVADA LABOR FORCE SUMMARY DATA

Revised March 2015.

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC AVG

WASHOE COUNTY

TOTAL LABOR FORCE	221,590	224,300											222,940
UNEMPLOYMENT	16,360	15,800											16,080
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.4%	7.0%											6.4%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	205,230	208,500											206,860

WHITE PINE COUNTY

TOTAL LABOR FORCE	4,650	4,680											4,670
UNEMPLOYMENT	300	290											300
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	6.5%	6.2%											6.4%
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	4,350	4,390											4,370

Note: Unemployment rates are based on unrounded data.

1/ Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.